

IS HE A PROPHET?

A few days ago this paper published the following:

"Prophet Benjamin" writes to THE TIMES, warning the public to look out for heavy rains and washouts during the last five days of this month. He does not say that he is the seventh son of a seventh son, or assign any other reason why his prophecy should be credited, and it might be just as well for people to delay the building of the Panama canal until Prophet Potts is hanged.

Whereupon Prophet Potts wrote to THE TIMES as follows:

Dear Sir: I have instructed my men, who are planting orchard trees for me, to hurry up and get them in, while the ground is wet, as we are not likely to have any more rain for a month. If I am mistaken

Prophet Benjamin take the floor.

J. W. POTTS.

And the very next day—the very next morning, in fact—after the publication of the substance of this missive, it rained. That was day before yesterday.

A reporter of THE TIMES put in a large part of the day hunting Prophet Potts, to ask him whether, in this last prophecy of his, he had not bisected a canine, so to speak. But he was no

What excuse this long-time anointed prophet of weather for Los Angeles can offer for such an astonishing miscue is therefore only to be surmised. He might possibly argue that the forthcoming rain was too close to be focused by his prophetic eye, or like the girl with a baby, he might urge in palliation that it was only a

with the Los Angeles public?
 Prophet Potts is now placed on his mettle, and he must clear this thing up, or Prophet Benjamin stands a good chance to come in and capture the bun of prognostication.

A TEST CASE

Which May Effect Houses of Ill-repute Generally.

A case of something more than com-

Austin this morning at 10 o'clock. For some time past there has been a strong suspicion that one or more houses of prostitution exist in the city limits, and at the hour above given the matter will be ventilated. Some days ago a woman named Ella Pierce called at Justice Austin's courtroom, in company with Mrs. Watson, and stated that Lizzie Miller, who keeps a house of prostitution at No. 202 Alameda street, was illegally

articles belonging to her, the value of which was out at \$37.50. She said that Miller wanted to leave the house and re-form, but that the Miller woman wouldn't let her take her effects, claiming that she owed her money for board and recovery. Justice Austin explained what she would have to do, and after she swore out her complaint, the Miller woman went out to try and give bond.

allowed to file her suit, and the matter dropped out of sight for the time being. It was revived again on Monday, when a complaint was sworn out against the Miller woman, charging her with keeping a house of prostitution. A warrant was issued for her arrest, and yesterday morning she was arraigned before Justice Austin, when she pleaded not guilty, and the trial was set for Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, with bail set at \$200 each, which was given.

It appears that the great trouble in bringing suits of this character is the difficulty of getting witnesses, as it is necessary to get one of the inmates to swear to the character of the place in which, under ordinary circumstances, is almost impossible. In the present case Ella Pierce will appear against Lizzie Miller, and if the State is successful, it is possible that a general crusade against houses of this character will be commenced.

NOT A CRANK.
Remarkable Letter from a Remarkable Doctor.
 The following letter to **THE TIMES** is given verbatim:
Dear Editor: I beg of you to bring this in your newspaper and you will oblige me very much because I never made as Dr. any mistake in regard of medical Treatments and I have also

sense still. Eight days ago I gave
Lady of the Post Office a right sur-
cure she was troubled with the Throat
and had before me two Doctors and
they couldn't help she is all right
again so I had here in Los Angeles
other people sufficiently shown that
I am Doctor therefore I think and the
people with right Thoughts will give
me confidence in regard of medicine.
Treatment and not to taken me for
a Crank like the Evening Express did

cat but I am prepared any time to make examination and so I hope that the medical board is competent enough to learn me know as Dr. not as craze —how the evening expressed liked to say I am as a so-called stranger 29 months in this country and have not business at all therefore I see that is no rite at all for a man respectively stranger to make among the people disliked instead to help him to have right practices.

—DAN B. L. SCORBY, Specialist.

A STRADIVARIUS,
But a Long Way After the Great
Master.
H. A. Morse of Ontario, Cal., writes
to THE TIMES as follows:
My son some time ago purchased a second-hand violin at a music store in Sioux City, Iowa. A few days since he discovered on the inside the following inscription: "Antonius Stradivarius, Cremonensis, F. clebat. Anno 1721." Can you, or any?

When the above was shown to A. C. Bartlett the music-man, he laughed a little, and, going to his cabinet, took down a brand new violin, and adjusting it to the light so that the reporter could look through a side slit into the case pointed out just the same "inscription."

Will Redeem His Checks.
E. A. Fisher, of the lately dissolved firm of Fisher & Gibson, of the New England Bakery, 241 South Spring street, called at the TIMES office la-

learning that the bread checks of his establishment had been repudiated. He said he sold the bakery to a Mr. Kachlin and expected that he would keep it up and redeem the tickets. I promised that he would see that the checks are honored at once, either by giving bread for them or refunding the money. Fisher has been sick for the past week and claims that he has not been able to keep a close run of the affairs of the bakery during that time.

MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

MEETING OF THE POLICE AND FIRE COMMISSIONS.

Delinquent Saloon-keepers to Be Brought Up With a Short Turn if They Do Not Pay by the Middle of the Month.

The members of the Police Commission were rather slow about coming together again yesterday afternoon, and at 2 o'clock only Mayor Hazard was present. Ten minutes later Commissioner Lewis, accompanied by Chief Glass, arrived, and was followed by Commissioner Knox, who came in at 2:20 o'clock, making a quorum, when the board was at once called to order.

The reading of the minutes was dispensed with, when a communication from the City Clerk, containing matter which had already been acted upon, was received and filed, as was also one from the Chief, which took the same course.

The License Inspector presented a report, stating that the following saloon licenses remained unpaid on the 22d: Albert Osthoff, No. 48 North Main street; Thomas K. Plant, Hoff and Hayes streets; William Schumacher, No. 4 North Main street; Steinfeldt & Wendt, No. 36 North Spring street; Claus Sammann, under Pico House; Reiser & Silverberg, No. 239 North Main street; William McLaughlin, Commercial and Wilmington streets, closed up and unpaid; Beebe & Gallagher, Washington Garden, closed and unpaid; Ed Schnabel, No. 43 South Fort street; Twilg & Hatley, No. 541 New Main street; H. M. Good, No. 180 West First street.

The report brought up the old rule adopted by the board some months ago, and Commissioner Knox, after some remarks, moved that hereafter, when a saloon license is not paid by the 15th of the current month, the license shall be revoked, and before being again granted a regular application, with the signatures of the property-owners, will have to be filed, and take its regular course. Adopted.

In the matter of the present delinquents, the Clerk was instructed to at once notify them that if the licenses are not paid by the next meeting of the board the rule will be put in force against them also.

The following applications for transfers of saloon licenses were presented, and, being in regular form, were granted: To Reiser & Vastano, No. 131 North Los Angeles street, from F. Goldin; H. and J. B. Ham, No. 312 North Main street, from E. W. Reid; A. Schultz, No. 275 South Main street, from Joseph Yerkovitz.

The application of Joseph Manning for a saloon license for Washington Garden, was read, and referred to the Chief for investigation.

A communication was received from the directors of the Reform School at Whittier, inviting the commissioners to attend the corner-stone laying on the 29th inst.

On motion of Commissioner Knox, the invitation was accepted, and the Chief of Police was instructed to furnish as large an escort as he could without crippling the force, and when the commission adjourned it was to Thursday next at 2 o'clock.

The demand of E. F. Coulier for \$3.87, for supplies furnished the police station, was approved.

On account of the absence of Commissioners Collins and Dexter, the retrenchment resolutions offered by Mayor Hazard and Commissioner Lewis at the last meeting again went over for a week.

Chief Glass stated that he had been requested by a number of merchants and others to ask that an ordinance be passed forbidding the distribution of handbills on the streets, or tacking them up on telegraph poles and other places.

On motion of Commissioner Lewis the City Attorney was requested to draw up an ordinance as suggested by the Chief.

In the matter of the Bosqui-Phelan charges Commissioner Knox requested a week's further time on account of the absence of Phelan from the city, which was granted.

Adjourned to Thursday next at 2 o'clock.

FIRE MATTERS.

Mrs. Bigelow Proposes to Sell or Lease to the City.

The Fire Commissioners met in the Mayor's office yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, with His Honor in the chair, and Commissioners Keefe, Kuhrtz and Lovell present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, after which a communication from the City Clerk was laid before the commission, transmitting a letter from Mrs. L. M. Bigelow, by her attorneys, claiming that the judgment she had obtained against the city in the matter of the Plaza engine-house was final, and offering to sell the property to the city for \$33,000, or rent it for \$125 per month, payable in advance. The communications were referred to the City Attorney.

A communication was received from Mrs. Bridget Wilson to the Council, informing that body that in the future the rent of the Main-street engine-house would be increased to \$125 per month, payable in advance.

On motion of Commissioner Kuhrtz, the matter was referred to a committee, consisting of Commissioners Kuhrtz and Lovell, who were instructed to consult with J. W. Hellman and others, and also to make recommendations to the Council in reference to the lease of a new building for an engine-house and hook-and-ladder truck.

The petition of Thomas Morrissey and others, asking that a fire-plug be located at or near the corner of Seventh and Mateo streets, was read and referred to the Chief for investigation.

A rather facetious communication from J. W. Kellman, complaining about the noise made by ringing the firebells, was read and placed on file.

The resignation of H. J. Prim, the tillerman of the hook-and-ladder truck, was read and accepted, the same to take effect February 1st, and, on motion of Commissioner Lovell, Thomas Romero was appointed to the position, on the recommendation of the Chief.

The payroll of the department for the month of January, amounting to \$3810, was approved, as were also demands amounting to \$17.50. The demand of P. A. Lynn, for \$30, for zinc used in the fire-alarm batteries, was referred to the Chief.

Adjourned to Tuesday next, at 10 o'clock.

SUGAR BEET SEED

Ready for Distribution to Farmers.

Yesterday Secretary Patton of the Chamber of Commerce received 110 pounds of beet sugar seed from the East. The seed is supposed to be from Mr. Spreckles, as that gentleman prom-

ised to send the chamber a lot of seed for distribution among the farmers. Mr. Patton sent out the following circular yesterday:

To the Farmers: There has been received at the Chamber of Commerce a quantity of sugar beet seed for distribution among the farmers. It is of the utmost importance that this seed be thoroughly tested and the results carefully noted and reported to the chamber. On the action of the farmers in this matter will largely depend the establishment of beet sugar factories in Southern California. The farmers will derive profit by this industry, and this whole region will be benefited. Farmers who desire any of this seed can be supplied at 127½ West First street, or by addressing H. W. Patton, secretary.

SCHOOL FUNDS.

Details of the Second Quarterly Apportionment.

County Superintendent of Schools W. W. Seaman furnishes the subjoined statement:

The following is the second quarterly apportionment of school funds for the year ending June 30, 1890:

This money is derived from the county taxes, and is known as the county school fund.

One teacher is assigned for every 70 census children or fraction thereof equal to 20, and \$315 is apportioned for each teacher so assigned.

This apportionment is \$65 more per teacher than the corresponding one of last year, and while the tax levy for school purposes was but 16 cents on the \$100, the amount realized is sufficient to produce the most generous apportionment ever made to the schools of this county.

This money, together with the State fund to be apportioned in March, will enable nearly every district in the county to maintain school for nine or ten months during the present school year.

Alameda.....	\$945
Alhambra.....	945
Alosta.....	315
Antelope.....	315
Artesia.....	945
Azusa.....	1,260
Azusa City.....	945
Baltona.....	630
Belvidere.....	315
Bog Dale.....	315
Calabasas.....	315
Cahuenga.....	630
Castile.....	315
Cerritos.....	315
Cienega.....	315
Clearwater.....	315
Coldwater.....	315
Compton city.....	1,260
Crescenta.....	315
Del Sur.....	315
Downey.....	1,575
Duarte.....	630
East Lake.....	315
Elizabeth Lake.....	315
El Monte.....	630
Enterprise.....	315
Farmdale.....	315
Felton.....	315
Florence.....	630
Fruitland.....	315
Glendora.....	630
Green Meadows.....	315
Harmony.....	630
Highland Park.....	630
Hudson.....	315
Hyde Park.....	315
Inglewood.....	315
Irahaue.....	315
La Cañada.....	315
La Liebre.....	315
Lamanda Park.....	315
Lancaster.....	315
Lankershim.....	315
La Puente.....	630
Los Virgenes.....	315
Laurel.....	315
Little Lake.....	630
Long Beach.....	630
Long Beach city.....	630
Los Angeles.....	43,510
Los Feliz.....	315
Los Stewarts.....	315
Lugo.....	315
Monrovia.....	1,260
Morningside.....	315
Mowhall.....	315
New River.....	630
Ocean.....	315
Old River.....	315
Pacoima.....	315
Palmdale.....	315
Palmdale.....	630
Pasadena.....	945
Pasadena city.....	5,985
Pico.....	315
Pomona city.....	4,095
Providence.....	315
Ranchito.....	945
Redondo.....	315
Rivera.....	630
Rosedale.....	2,385
Rowland.....	945
San Antonio.....	315
San Dimas.....	315
San Fernando.....	315
San Francisco.....	315
San Gabriel.....	1,260
San Jose.....	315
San Pascual.....	2,305
San Pedro city.....	1,575
Santa Anita.....	945
Santa Monica.....	2,305
Santa Susana.....	315
Savannah.....	630
Seaside.....	1,260
Soledad.....	315
South La Brea.....	315
South La Brea.....	315
South La Brea.....	315
Tea.....	315
The Palms.....	630
The Pass.....	315
University.....	945
Vermilion.....	315
Vernon.....	945
Vinevale.....	315
Vineland.....	315
West Vernon.....	630
Wilmington.....	1,260

JOINT DISTRICTS HAVING NO CENSUS—

CHILDREN IN ORANGE COUNTY.

Bloomfield..... 315

Evergreen..... 945

Northwalk..... 945

Total number of districts..... 102

Total number of teachers..... 374

Amount apportioned..... \$117,310

W. W. SEAMAN,

County Supt. of Public Schools,

Los Angeles, Jan. 20, 1890.

Supervisors.

The Board of Supervisors was in session yesterday and transacted the following business:

A resolution was adopted that the report of the viewers of the Santa Monica Cliff road be adopted, and \$50 be set apart to pay Pascual Marquez for right of way.

The District Attorney was instructed to bring suit against Anton Guiniliocho for right of way for the Brown road near El Monte.

A contract from Boyes & Crowley for work on the Pasadena boulevard was presented, and the chairman directed to sign the same on behalf of the county.

The bond of Fred W. Barron on contract for grading the Lancaster and Maynard road was presented and approved.

Adjourned until Monday next at 10 o'clock.

A Lottery "Pulled"

Yesterday afternoon Officers Walsh and Roberts discovered a lottery game in operation on Marchessault alley and raided it. The players got away, but the dealers, Lee Ying Ah Way and Ah Gin, were captured, as were also the tickets and some \$78 in money. The heathens were taken to the police station where they were locked up, ball being fixed at \$100 each. They had only been behind the bars a short time when some of the leading men came to bail them out. They were paroled when they heard the amount required. After holding a consultation they went before Judge Stanton, where the bail was arranged and the imprisoned heathens released.

RAILROADINGS.

A RATE WAR BECOMING MORE IMMINENT.

And Possibly It Has Been Already Inaugurated in This City—Fort Worth and Texas Office Given Up—Some Thoughts About the Train Robbery.

Prospects for a rate war are growing day by day, and the chances are that in a few weeks the Southern Pacific and Santa Fé will be by the ears. The order has evidently gone forth in San Francisco that passenger rates shall be cut, although the heads of roads declare that they know nothing about it, and say that the agents are acting without authority. This cannot be possible, for railroad agents are not men of wealth by any manner of means, and they are not paid salaries big enough to justify them in cutting rates simply for the fun of making it up to their employers.

In this city things have taken a singular turn. There is quite a circus going on regarding the carrying of passengers to Whittier on the day of the celebration of the laying of the corner stone of the Reform School. It seems that an application to carry several companies of the National Guard and city and county officials from Los Angeles and San Diego over the roads to Whittier free is the cause of the trouble. The general agents were not as open with each other as they have been in the past, and the first thing they knew there was war between them. During the past few days they have been running back and forth trying to square things, but they seem to get deeper in the mire, and they are charging all kinds of rates.

The trouble seems to be that both men are new in Los Angeles, and both are bright railroad men and they are both fighters from away back. Neither of them will have much to say, but from the little hints dropped and their silent looks they have made up their minds to have war, and the people are anxious for it.

There was another shake-up in the Union Pacific matters in this city yesterday. The office of the Fort Worth and Texas Railway Company was abandoned and its business turned over to the agents of the Union Pacific. A short time ago the Union Pacific absorbed the Fort Worth and Texas lines, and this is the outcome of that deal. The Union Pacific agents in this city are preparing to do a big business in the near future.

The Santa Fé is branching out. On the 20th inst. it entered into traffic arrangements with the Fort Scott and Memphis and the Central Railway of Georgia to Savannah, and from that point to New York city and other points North. This gives them a through line to all eastern and northern points.

President Mervel is evidently a pusher, and from general appearances now he will soon put the road in a position to pay good interest on the investment. He has sent good men out to this coast, and they are pushing the war into the Southern Pacific camp.

A dispatch was received at this city from Tulare, stating that the man who was shot by the train robbers, Tuesday morning, is not yet dead.

Detective Will Smith and other Southern Pacific detectives are hard at work trying to hunt the second robbery.

It is a little strange that Wells, Fargo & Co. do not protect their men better, or give the messengers a chance to defend the treasure in their care. Had Messenger Minnehan's car been made with concealed loopholes he might have proved one too many for the robbers. He could have looked out, and either used his shotgun through the loophole or opened the door, and then turned both barrels of his gun into the bodies of the robbers. It is not at all surprising that nine-tenths of the messengers prove to be cowards under such circumstances, for it takes a brave man, indeed, to show fight when he can't see his enemy and has no idea how great the numbers may be. Give them loopholes that can be concealed, and robbers in the future will not have a walkover.

A number of people were puzzled yesterday to know what the conductor and his men were doing while the Goshen robbery was going on. The train was stopped a few minutes after it left Goshen, and it is the habit or duty of all conductors to go forward whenever a train comes to a standstill to see what the trouble is. In this case the train was over 35 minutes at a dead standstill, and so far as can be learned the conductor and his brakemen knew nothing until the robbers had departed. It may be another case of the typical policeman and the fight just around the corner, but it is a matter that should be investigated by the railroad company.

Tourists.

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fever, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50-cent and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Unclassified.

Tutt's Pills.

To cure Constipation the medicine must be more than a purgative. To be permanent it must contain

Tonic, Alterative and Cathartic Properties.

Tutt's Pills possess these qualities in an eminent degree, and

Speedily Restore

To the bowels their natural peristaltic motion, so essential to regularity.

Sold Everywhere.

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For improved and economical cooking. Use it for soups and sauces. Made Dishes. Game Fish, etc. Aspic or Meat Jelly.

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Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

It is superior to Capsule, Cube, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.

For sale by all druggists in L. A.

WESNER, 21 W. First St.

London Clothing Co.

MAKING ROOM.

We are making an extra effort this week to reduce stock.

We propose as usual to have a complete stock of the choicest

styles from the best manufacturers for spring trade. In order to

make room for these goods we again offer

Genuine Bargains.

75 Men's Worsted Sack Suits, \$20; worth \$25.

100 Men's Worsted and Cassimere Suits for \$15; worth \$20.

100 Men's Cheviot Sack Suits for \$10; worth \$15.

75 Children's Suits, age 5 to 13, for \$2.50; worth \$4.50.

80 Boys' Suits, age 13 to 18, for \$7.50; worth \$12

100 Pair Men's All-wool Pants for \$2.50; worth \$4.

10 Dozen Engineers' Caps for 25c; worth 75c.

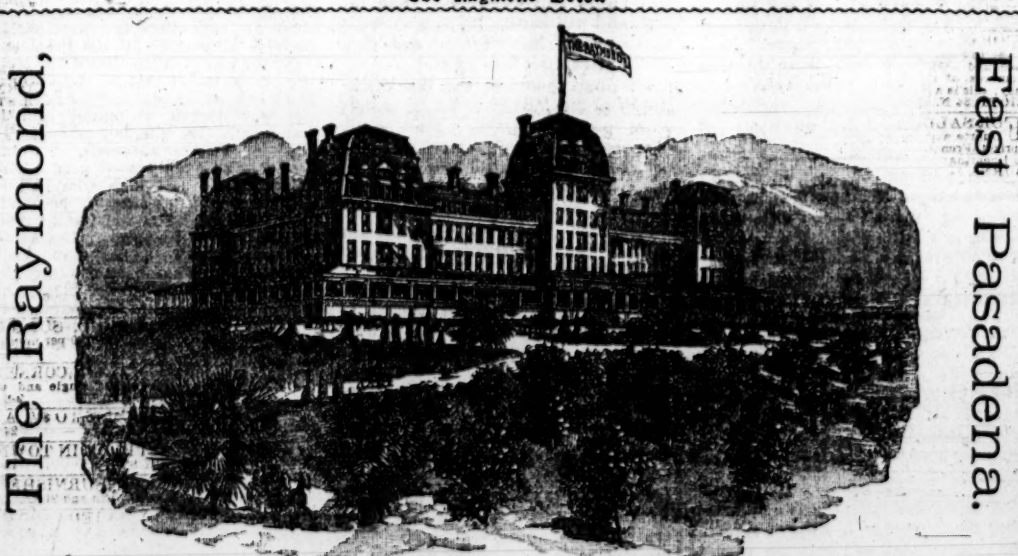
30 Doz. Boys' Linen Collars for half a cent each; worth 15c.

100 Dozen Men's Wool Hose for 20c; worth 35c.

25 Men's Brown Chinchilla Overcoats for \$15; worth \$20.

London Clothing Co.

The Raymond Hotel.



AMONG THE ORANGE GROVES OF THE BEAUTIFUL SAN GABRIEL VALLEY, 8 MILES FROM LOS ANGELES. C. H. MERRILL, Manager during the summer season manager of the Crawford House, White Mountain, N. H. A few hours. It is well worth your while to see the magnificent view from its piazzas; and that view alone will well repay you, although there are many other interesting features—especially the grand display of flowers in the hotel grounds, which are now under the charge of Mr. C. H. Merrill, the celebrated landscape gardener, formerly of Hovey's Nurseries, Cambridge, Mass. Tourists visiting Los Angeles should make a trip to the Raymond, even if they stay there must necessarily be brief. There are frequent trains between Los Angeles and the Raymond by several lines of railroad. The orchestra consists of four soloists, who render the choicest of music twice each day. A very complete livery is connected with the hotel and it is an excellent starting-point for a drive through the San Gabriel Valley, in which are situated the San Gabriel Mission Church, Rose's winery, Lucky Baldwin's stock farm, the Sierra Madre Villa, and many other places of interest. Full particulars regarding board and other matters can be obtained by addressing C. H. MERRILL, Manager of The Raymond, East Pasadena, California.

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THIS DELIGHTFUL HOTEL is now open, and tourists should not fail to give it a trial. Situated on the bluff overlooking the ocean, the view is magnificent. Good surf bathing. Fine drives on the beach and in the canyons. All modern improvements, elevator, steam heat, etc. Four trains a day each way.

J. W. SCOTT, Lessee.

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To Sportsmen.

We have a few only of the premium shot guns. They will be sold each for \$16.50, or with the WEEKLY MIRROR one year, for \$18. THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

The West is not alone in rapid growth. In Brooklyn there have been erected within the past year houses for the accommodation of 60,000 people.

The position of the snow-bound passengers in Northern California is becoming more than interesting. Easterners will now have an excellent opportunity of appreciating the climatic difference between the Northern and Southern Citrus belts.

A CITIZEN has written to the Fire Commissioners, complaining of the fire alarm as a nuisance when rung for every little blaze. That may be so, but it is not nearly so bad as many of the factory steam whistles, whose blowing is often prolonged beyond all reason.

A DISPATCH from Paris announces that Capt. Trevier, a French explorer who recently crossed from the east to the west coast of Africa, is of the opinion that no commercial ventures are possible in those portions of the country through which he traveled. It is not stated which districts are referred to.

It is said that the President likes billiards and plays a game or two with "Lige" Haiford frequently. Not many years ago an elder in the Presbyterian Church playing billiards would have caused a painful shock to the religious community. Gen. Harrison thinks it is no sin to play a game of billiards. He sometimes spends Sunday in recreations, such as yachting and driving instead of worship, and notwithstanding that he is a Presbyterian elder, and that recent synods of his church have denounced the theatre as one of the chief allurements of Satan, and enjoined Presbyterians to shun it, the President is frequently seen at the Washington theaters. Truly, "the world do move."

CHIEF CROWLEY of San Francisco speaks very strongly against dime novels, to which he attributes much of the juvenile depravity which exists in that city. He believes that every boy who is brought to the City Prison is a reader of this sort of literature, and not only the boys, but the girls too. These dime novels are turned out by one or two houses in New York, which have a monopoly in their publication. Immense quantities of them are printed every week, and the demand is constantly growing. A majority of the little cigar and stationery stores throughout the United States keep for sale a quantity of them. The clerical denunciations of Sunday papers would do well to turn their batteries on the dime novel for a season.

OVERLAND UNOBSTRUCTED.

The extraordinary snowstorms occurring this year in the Sierra Nevada Mountains go far toward demonstrating to the world the necessity for access to the Pacific Coast in some way, if possible, without crossing that great barrier; some line less subject to obstruction and practicable the year through. Such a line is found in the one projected from Salt Lake to this city. The Sierra Nevada constitutes a huge natural wall shutting off Northern California from all direct communication with the countries east of it, but no such wall intervenes between Southern California and the East. This half of the State can be reached from the Atlantic side without impediment at all seasons, and the city of Los Angeles, the natural entrepot for the continental trade, is always accessible.

The people of the North, with commendable energy, have sought to overcome obstructions to communication with the other side of the continent, by building nearly fifty miles of snow-sheds, and they have thus accomplished some degree of relief; but times like the present will come, when neither the housing of the road nor any other device can resist the forces of Nature. At the high altitudes of the Sierras the burden of snow will on occasions prove irresistible, and break down any structure that man can create, cutting off communication with the East, for periods more or less extended. In Europe, mountain barriers similar, but less formidable, have been partially overcome by the construction of tunnels, as in the case of Mts. Cenis and St. Gothard, but similar relief can never be had in making the passage of the snowy mountains of California. The distance through them, below the heavy snow line, is too great for tunneling, and this barrier must therefore always remain in the way of direct intercourse between Northern California and the States further east. If it is a matter of necessity to have a more certain and practicable route between these States and the Pacific, such a route is found by coming directly to Los Angeles, as it is understood the Union Pacific Railroad contemplates doing. An outlet of that sort on the western ocean cannot but be desirable for that great company.

The interruption of mails, of travel, and of traffic, by snow, is by no means the only consideration calling for this southern outlet for that extensive system of railroads. The cost and danger of contending against those terrible snowstorms are large factors in the calculation. The expense of constructing and keeping in repair half a hundred miles in length of strongly-built snow houses must be something enormous, and then the loss of life that attends this great enterprise from year to year is by no means inconsiderable. Another item not to be lost sight of is the very large additional cost of operating a mountain road over that of one through a level country. It was recently announced that the Southern Pacific Company had determined to abandon its snowsheds on the Central line, and depend on the rotary snowplows, but the late storm has shown that even these monster machines cannot overcome an extra heavy snowfall.

There may be some romance in a trip by rail over the snowy mountains of the Pacific Coast, but to one fully conscious at the time, a second trip will afford less enjoyment than the first, and will hardly be sought while another route, less elevated and ordinarily attractive, is in sight.

The great space between the Mississippi and the Pacific is being rapidly filled up. States already stretch nearly over the whole of it, and a growing population demands the best, the safest and surest outlet to the Pacific. Los Angeles is in the way of such an outlet, and the topography of the country east of California points directly toward it.

WHILE Brice has been elected as United States Senator from Ohio, he is not yet by any means secured in his seat. The United States Constitution declares that a Senator shall be, when elected, "an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen." Any time within five years, if Mr. Brice had aspired to become a member of Congress from a district in the city of New York, or a State Senator, or member of the General Assembly, his eligibility would have been undisputed. Yet he will be elected a United States Senator as an inhabitant of the State of Ohio. As a bondsman of contractors on the new New York aqueduct, he swore that he was a householder, and the Attorney-General of the State has recorded his opinion in writing that a householder constitutes a voter if he has lived a sufficient period in the State.

The fight over the location of the World's Fair waxes quite warm; Washington is still pressing its claims, but outside cities do not attach much weight to its chances. The Cincinnati Times-Star says:

Several enthusiastic inhabitants of the National Capital are again engaged in urging Washington as the place in which to hold the World's Fair. Might as well attempt to crowd a quart of water into a pint cup. Washington could not hold a World's Fair for the good and sufficient reason that she could not entertain the people who would flock to it. To entertain her visitors she would have to transform all her Government buildings into hotels, and even then guests would be compelled to improvise couches on roofs and on the sidewalks. There is hardly room in the Washington hostelry for an ordinary crop of office-seekers. As a place for holding the World's Fair the National Capital is as much out of the question as would be the White House door-yard.

HERE is a very straightforward expression of opinion on a southern social topic, from the Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald:

No man in this section can be the associate of both whites and negroes. It is the prevalent idea in the South that the white man who associates with the negroes is not as good as the negroes; and the idea is well founded.

A NATIVE movement to break up certain Hindoo customs has been started in Bombay. By its no sons are permitted to marry under 16 and no daughters under 10. No man is to marry after 50, or marry a second wife

during the lifetime of the first; he is also not to drink spirits save under medical advice. Some of these projected reforms appear quite reasonable to Americans.

The coming reunion of the Grand Army in Boston will be a noteworthy event. The year 1890 marks the quarter centennial of the return of peace and will thus form a year for especial celebration. Boston will undoubtedly give the veterans a hearty welcome.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—Roland Reed appeared in *A Woman Hater* last night to a larger house than was present the night before and the piece gains in popular favor with each representation.

EMMA JUCH.—The advance sale of seats for the English Opera season next week continues very satisfactory.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE.—This evening the new variety company will appear in *A Social Session*. Next Tuesday *The Pearl of Pekin* with Helen Harrison.

ADELINA PATTE.—There was no improvement in the subscription sale yesterday worthy of note, and it seems now a foregone conclusion that Los Angeles people have determined that they will not pay for Italian Opera the price demanded.

G. WASHINGTON HANCOCK.

He Visits His Wraith on the Chino Paper.

G. Washington Hancock, the Northern Citrus Belter who insists on bossing the Southern Citrus Fair when he is not wanted, has declared himself in a letter to the Chino Champion. His letter is worthy of reproduction as a work of hand-painted art. Here it is verbatim:

SAC DEC. 17 1889.
"Ed Chino Valley Champion. Your paper of 13th March reached me—you seem to forget that there are four other influential members of the Grange Commission—I will refer to the Sacramento Record Union of Dec. 17. You will find an answer to all the falsehoods of Southern Cal. whether in print or otherwise—if I had not met many good people in the far famed section, and to my creed of belief from some of the papers, and a few others, I should think you a set of hogs; that you wanted the whole earth, and all planted in corn—but I know too many good people there to be misled. I have too much personal interest there to wish to injure that section, and have none to sell here—9 days in the 5 northern Congressional districts and 5 days in the 6th years. And when the financial report is made of the expenditure of the money it will show that 80 per cent. of it used in showing the party around the State was spent in your district—did you want it all.

I do not think that the commission were interviewed by a reporter in Southern Cal. to learn how or where the time or money had been spent. If they had read their exchanges they could have kept posted as to time but catering to a selfish jealous element, you assumed you had been cheated—Our work will hold water and bear criticism notwithstanding the veracity, or voracity of Senator McComas and others. So you can just fire away, and as long as you tell such outrageous lies and make such shallow misrepresentations and such jealous meanness you will only hurt yourself and your section—So much use and abuse of Hancock ought to satisfy any bright leader that you were talking at a prejudice. Why do you brace up and put some truth & fairness into your abuse and act as tho, you took a broad view of it—Yours truly—G. W. HANCOCK

"What Can It Mean?"

[San Bernardino Courier, Dem.]
Green, the affidavit-maker and expostulator of Los Angeles, it seems, not so sure of the Los Angeles post-office again as he thought he was. The telegraph says that his nomination has been "hung up" by the President at the request of Vice-President Morton. What can it mean? What influence has been brought to bear on Vice-President Morton to induce him to "hang up" the affidavit-maker? To us, under the circumstances, it would seem very bad politics to give Green the postoffice. The man who had so little sense as to let himself be made a puppet of as he has done, will hardly add strength to the party in Los Angeles, especially after he has made such a serious charge against a leading Republican editor. But, we must confess that the Republican situation in Los Angeles has its charm, and a delightful charm it is to a Democratic newspaper.

Choke Full.

[Ventura Free Press.]
The Los Angeles Times Annual Trade Number contains 48 pages, besides illustrated cover. It contains a vast amount of statistical and other matter relating to Los Angeles and Southern California. Ventura county receives fair treatment. The number is well worth preserving.

"Entirely Representative."

[The Herald of Banning, Jan. 18.]
We are in receipt of the LOS ANGELES TIMES ANNUAL. It is very complete, as we expected it would be, and entirely representative. Every day we feel personally obligated to THE TIMES for its full record of the news, and in its trade annual we were not disappointed in expecting a thorough and comprehensive view of Los Angeles and its tributary country.

"Certainly a Credit."

[National City Record.]
The Record is in receipt of the holiday number of the LOS ANGELES TIMES. It is certainly a credit to the great institution from which it came.



Peace, or War?

IS THE POPE DEAD?

A Startling Rumor Current at Rome.

Gladstone Thinks the United States Can Afford a Navy.

Conflicting Reports About the Bank of England's Silver Deal.

Davitt Renews His Allegiance to Parnell—Terrible Hurricane in France—Other Events Beyond the Seas.

By Telegram to The Times.
Rome, Jan. 22.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] There is a widespread rumor that the Pope is dead. This appears to have been caused by the unusual and unlooked-for announcement that he is in perfect health.

THAT SILVER DEAL.

Denial That the Bank of England is Buying Bullion.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Nothing has been published here in regard to the report that the Bank of England has recently been a heavy purchaser of silver bullion, and contemplates the issue of £1 notes, redeemable in silver as soon as the necessary authority has been obtained. Careful inquiries in financial circles, this morning, resulted in showing that a few had heard of the report, and they were incredulous as to its accuracy. The chief financial authorities expressed the opinion that the report was wholly without foundation in fact. They asserted positively that the Bank of England had made no such purchase of bullion and was not buying silver now. Further than this they declared that purchases of silver were not being made by any London bank.

With reference to the alleged intention of the Bank of England to issue £1 notes, attention was drawn to the fact that neither the Bank of England nor any bank in England could issue such notes without special authority to that end by an act of Parliament. It was considered doubtful whether so conservative an institution as the Bank of England would be making preparations for so radical a departure from its previous history. The report that the Bank of England had secured silver bullion to the value of £100 million was also denied. The Bank of England rate of discount continues at 6 per cent. as for some time past.

GLADSTONE SPEAKS.

He Thinks America Can Afford to Build a Navy.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Gladstone, speaking at Chester, declined to criticize the course of Salisbury in the dispute with Portugal until he was more fully informed as to the details of the case.

Referring to the United States' plans for an enlarged navy, he said: "That country is still enjoying the blessings and comforts of restricted trade, and therefore would pay forty or fifty per cent. more to build a navy than it would if contented to compete on equal terms with other nations. But its resources are so great that it can afford to pay for the luxury of a navy. It is constantly being reminded by America would cite England's example for enlarging her navy, England will give a similar excuse for a further naval increase."

FOREIGN NOTES.

Davitt Declares Unabated Confidence in Parnell.

DUBLIN, Jan. 22.—[By the Associated Press.] The Freeman's Journal says that Michael Davitt, in a lecture at Cork last evening, declared unabated confidence in Parnell and steadfast loyalty to him.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND QUESTION.
PARIS, Jan. 22.—The *Siecle* says France will probably submit the Newfoundland difficulties to arbitration, but adds that there must be no repetition of the force of 1885. "If England is unable to preserve her exclusive government without parallel since the time of Charles II."

PARIS, Jan. 22.—Capt. Trevier, the French explorer, who recently crossed from the east to the west coast of Africa, is of the opinion that no commercial ventures are possible in those portions of the country through which he traveled.

HURRICANE IN FRANCE.
PARIS, Jan. 22.—Southwestern France has been visited and devastated by a fearful hurricane. Telegraphic communication in that direction is interrupted.

A FLAG OF DISTRESS.
QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 22.—The Fastnet lighthouse is displaying a flag of distress, but no vessel will be able to approach for several days.

A VIENNA TRAGEDY.
VIENNA, Jan. 22.—The journalist, Pankowitz, today shot the popular actress, Sterelcher, and then killed himself. Jealousy was the cause.

MINING DISASTER.
BRUSSELS, Jan. 22.—Four men were killed and twenty dangerously wounded by the breaking of hoisting machinery in a mine at Atras today.

Yesterday's Fire.
A four-room cottage at the corner of Beaudry avenue and Fifth street, belonging to Mr. Baxter, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday forenoon at 11:30 o'clock, together with most of the contents. The house was occupied by Prof. Borneman, the music teacher, who lost a lot of valuable music. Mr. Baxter carried insurance of \$500, which will cover his loss. Prof. Borneman's loss is estimated at \$1500, of which he had no insurance. The fire department turned out promptly, and did good work, confining the fire to the building in which it originated. The fire was caused by the explosion of a gasoline stove.

Leave of absence for 21 days, to take effect about February 2d, proximo, has been granted. First-Lieut. M. M. Maxon, Tenth Cavalry.

HIS FAVORITE THEME.

Cleveland Still Harping on Tariff Reform.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—[By the Associated Press.] Morrison Mumford, editor of the Kansas City Times, who is visiting New York, has had an interview with ex-President Cleveland, which he telegraphed to his paper tonight. The following portions of general interest are taken from it: "Mr. Cleveland has lost none of his zeal for tariff reform which inspired his celebrated message. 'It is most gratifying to me,' he said, 'that the masses as well as the leaders of the party are taking hold of the tariff issue with such spirit and evident determination to win. My letters from every part of the country show the extent and depth of the agitation. I was greatly pleased to find in Boston a degree of earnestness and fervor beyond that of men engaged in politics. From my observations there and in New York, and from my correspondence, I conclude that the thinking men of the Nation are massed almost solidly on the side of tariff reform.'"

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"As to that," he replied, "it is the cause and not personal consideration that should concern us. If I could feel my own feel, I would prefer to have some one else take the lead."

"But no one else is thought of amongst the Democratic masses. 'Men who have the elements of leadership develop rapidly, and it is a long time till 1892,' quickly replied the ex-President. 'It is not a matter of men, but of principle. It would be a pity to carry forward the work which the party has so grandly inaugurated, and there ought to be no halt until the ends aimed at are accomplished, and the people are in full possession of the benefits and blessings which an accumulation of inequalities, called into existence by apathy on one side, self-interest on the other, have diverted from them. I rejoice in the feeling that the Democratic party is the repository of the best principles and purposes, that its ranks team with the intelligent young manhood of the country, that it enjoys a complete victory over every American policy not merely sectional or time-serving.'"

DESECRATED GRAVES.

Atrocities Committed by Poles in Pennsylvania.

WILKESBARRE (Pa.), Jan. 22.—[By the Associated Press.] The Polish church war at Plymouth was renewed this evening. The Polish faction went to the cemetery and dug up the bodies of Lithuanians buried under police protection yesterday. The coffins were broken open and the bodies thrown over the grave and then over the fence. Two bodies were horribly lacerated by pickaxes, used in breaking open the coffins. When armed Lithuanians arrived, the scene, the Poles fled. There is talk of lynch law.

THE TRAIN ROBBERY.

Christiansen Still Alive—Searching for the Outlaws.

TULARE, Jan. 22.—[By the Associated Press.] Christiansen, the man wounded by the train robbers yesterday, is apparently improving, but the doctors say he will lose one eye, and that he is still in a critical condition.

Detectives Harris and Smith are here looking for clues, and men are searching the surrounding country for the robbers.

Miners' Unions Consolidating.

COLUMBUS (O.), Jan. 22.—The conventions of the National Miners' Progressive Union and National District Assembly of Miners who are Knights of Labor was held at Columbus, Ohio, this morning. These two organizations comprise a large majority of the miners in Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania. The membership aggregates 30,000 men, and it is claimed that it is constantly and rapidly increasing. If the present bodies reach a harmonious conclusion tomorrow they will dissolve and merge into the new organization. President McBride of the union today urged that concerted action be taken looking toward increased wages and the adoption of the eight-hour day.

Killed His Sweetheart.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—Mary Petrakovsk, a handsome young Russian girl, was shot and killed this afternoon by a young Russian named Mich-el Popoff. He was in love with the girl and wanted to marry her, but she refused on account of his shiftless habits. The murderer comes of a wealthy family of old money standing in Russia. His parents died two years ago. He became a spendthrift and squandered most of his fortune in less than two years. He then came to this country, and once then has been living on the remnants of his fortune.

Opposed to French.

OTTAWA (Ont.), Jan. 22.—Dalton McCarthy, M.-P., today brought in his measure for the abolition of French as the official language in the Northwest Territory. He characterized Premier Mercier of Quebec as a dangerous man, whose only aim is to have a new France, a separate and distinct province in the province of Quebec. The matter will create a hot debate.

Not as Bad as Reported.

CRESTON (Iowa), Jan. 22.—A collision occurred on the Burlington road near Stanton, Iowa, this morning, between a passenger train and a freight train. The engineer of the freight train had a leg broken, but there were no other serious casualties. Exaggerated reports were sent out early in the evening, reporting many killed and wounded.

An Investigation Closed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—The investigation which has been conducted by Maj. Blakey of the life-saving service here, into the circumstances of the loss of life attending the wreck of the fishing smack *Samsco* off Point Bonita June 3d, closed today, and the testimony will be forwarded to Washington.

The West Virginia Contest.

CHARLESTON (W. Va.), Jan. 22.—The joint session of the two houses of the Legislature as a court to determine the gubernatorial contest convened this morning, and Judge Johnson opened the argument for the opposing side of the Hayes-Tilden campaign.

Found Dead in a Cañon.

RED BLUFF, Jan. 22.—John Curry, a Grand Army man, member of Mansfield Post of this place, was found dead in the cañon, 15 miles north of here this morning. He lived in the county several years. The remains will be brought here and buried by the post tomorrow.

Ball-players Signed.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 22.—Manager Zeigler today signed Robert McHale of Sacramento as one of the catchers for the local base-ball club during the approaching season. Zeigler has also signed Ed Stapleton of Detroit as first-baseman.

A Famous Frontiersman Dead.

HELENA (Mont.), Jan. 22.—John F. Beider, a famous Montana character, renowned as the leader of a committee of safety in the road-agent period, who for many years since has been Deputy United States Marshal and Sheriff, died this morning of pneumonia.

Photographing the Corona.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 22.—A telegram received from the Lick Observatory eclipse expedition to the South American States says that 12 negatives of the corona were obtained, which is entirely sufficient for all scientific purposes.

Damages Awarded.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—The jury in the United States Circuit Court today awarded Henry Bush \$40,000 damages in his suit against the Northern Pacific Railroad.

MORE SNOW FALLING.

The Great Blockade Not Yet Raised.

Rotary Plows and Hundreds of Men of Little Avail.

Storm-bound Travelers in Danger of Suffering Hunger.

Union Pacific's Tracks Opened, but the Central Line Is Still Blocked in the Sierra Nevada.

By Telegram to The Times.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 22.—[By the Associated Press.] Last night at 12 o'clock the Central Pacific Railroad was clear except for a distance of about four miles, and a rotary plow was expected to push aside the obstacles in a couple of hours, and all trains were ordered placed in readiness to move. The rotary plow entered in readiness to move, which had turned to ice, but the plow could not force its way through that barrier had not an immense slide come down and buried two of the locomotives. Two hundred men were ordered to shovel away the slide, and after a delay of two hours the plow was again ready to move. Then a part of the machinery on one of the plow engines broke, causing a delay of two hours more. Another large body of snow then came crashing down and derailed the plow. Men were sent for jack-saws, chains, etc., and the work of getting it upon the track is progressing as rapidly as possible. It is expected that it will be moved some time tomorrow.

By tomorrow morning 1000 men will be engaged in shoveling snow on the four miles of obstructed track, and will be kept at it until the rotary is again in operation, when it is thought the road can be cleared within thirty minutes. Snow has been drifting heavily today, but the road has been kept open between Truckee and Sacramento.

The west-bound overland train has been moved to Blue Cañon. The other train which was snowbound between Shady Run and Blue Cañon has been moved to Cisco. Another large lot of provisions was sent to the blockade tonight. If the rotary is unable to move, the superintendent will endeavor to have the road shoveled clear in two days.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 22.—The Bee's Oroville special says: The Quincy stage arrived today. Jim Parker, the driver, brought news that two men named Brown and Freeze started from Merriam last Wednesday on snowshoes to Buck's ranch, a distance of 30 miles. They have not reached their destination, and it is supposed they got lost and perished in the snow.

There has been no stage from Quincy to Merriam since the first week of December. A few letters have been brought over the mountain by men on snowshoes. The snow is packing up in the mountains, and has reached the greatest depth ever known. Provisions are getting short in the mountain towns. If rain comes, the snow will be a great flood would follow in the Sacramento Valley.

THE STORM IN NEVADA.

BROWAGE (Nev.), Jan. 22.—The weather is still blustering and the storm with high winds is causing the snow to drift badly, filling up the roads and cuts as fast as they are opened for travel. The mercury was 32° below zero last night. The new rotary plow goes west by a special fast train tonight with the division superintendent in charge to wage war against the mountain of snow in the Sierra Nevada. Stewart and his teamster, George Greenup, were lost in the last storm with a 20-mule team, and wandered around in the cold and deep snow all night. When daylight came they were within one mile of home and almost perished. The mules were so exhausted that they would not pull the wagon to the ranch.

SNOWING IN THE SIERRAS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—It is snowing heavily in the Sierras again today, increasing the labor of the railway companies and lessening the prospect that the great blockade will be speedily broken. Hope was entertained last night that the imprisoned trains would break through, but the blockade now threatens to extend over several days more. It is reported that one of the rotary snowplows has been disabled near Shady Run, while working toward Blue Cañon to release the trains stuck in the drifts there.

FURIOUS STORM AT TRUCKEE.

TRUCKEE, Jan. 22.—The storm commenced again this morning. The wind has blown a gale. At Summit and Cisco the snowfall is reported to be the heaviest of any day since the storm began. It is snowing and blowing hard on the mountains tonight. The snowplow train will be kept running all night from Summit to Tunnel No. 18 so that the road cannot be blocked. The new cyclone rotary plow left Ogden

CONGRESSIONAL.

Immigration Matters to Be Investigated.

The Question of Agricultural Depression Before the Senate.

The House Passes the Oklahoma Townsite Bill.

An Appropriation for the Columbia River—Democrats in Dread of Reports on Contested Election Cases.

By Telegraph to The Times.

WASHINGTON, (D.C.), Jan. 21.—(By the Associated Press.) Senate.—Mr. Chandler offered a concurrent resolution, which went over till tomorrow, authorizing the committee on Immigration in the two houses to investigate the workings of the various laws of the United States and of the several States in regard to immigration from foreign countries.

The Senate resumed consideration of the bill discussed yesterday to require the Superintendent of Census to ascertain what percentage of the people own their farms, the number of farms and mortgages and amount thereof.

Replying to Mr. Vest's remarks of yesterday on the farm mortgage question, Mr. Teller remarked that agricultural depression was not peculiar to the United States. It prevailed in all countries of the world, except France. A recent parliamentary inquiry had shown that British farmers had within twelve years sunk more than half of their capital; that the condition of the British farmers could not be attributed to the protective tariff. The trouble was neither due to free trade nor protection. Since the United States resumed specie payment in 1879 there has been a continuous drop in the prices of farm products. It was that which was making discontent and trouble. He moved that the bill be recommitted.

The discussion was kept up for nearly two hours, going largely over the questions of tariff, of silver, of over-production and steamship subsidies. It was further participated in by Messrs. Morrill, George, Stewart, Spooner, Vest, Blair, Plumb and Reagan.

Finally Mr. Hale, chairman of the Census Committee, expressed willingness to have the bill recommitted as suggested by Mr. Teller, and belief that this would be the best disposition of it. The committee would then undertake to perfect the bill and would report it back at an early day.

The question of recommitment was taken up by yeas and nays. The first vote resulted: Yeas, 22; nays, 14. As no quorum voted, there was a call of the Senate, which showed that there were 53 Senators present. Some of them were paired.

The second vote resulted: Yeas, 20; nays, 20. This was accomplished by the transfer of pairs, and the bill was recommitted to the Census Committee.

The Blair Education Bill was then taken up. Mr. Blair demanding its reading in full. After the close of the reading, and after some discussion, it was arranged by unanimous consent that the bill be postponed until Monday week, and be then considered unfinished business.

Among other bills introduced was one to open abandoned military reservations in Nevada to homestead entry; also bills for the best disposition of the light-house district of Portland, Or.; granting to the city of Colorado Springs, in Colorado, certain lands for water reservoirs.

A bill reported from the committee and placed on the calendar was the bill repealing laws of Arizona except as to certain repealing acts.

The House amendments to the Senate joint resolution appropriating \$75,000 for battles at the mouth of the Columbia River, Oregon, were non-concurred in, and a conference was asked.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

House.—The Oklahoma Townsite Bill was somewhat amended and reported to the House.

Mr. Mason of Illinois introduced a bill to "vest certain lands in aid in the construction of railroads."

Groveport of Ohio, from the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, reported back Senate joint resolution appropriating \$200,000 for the removal of snags and other obstructions from the Missouri River between St. Joseph and its mouth. The committee proposed a substitute reducing the appropriation to \$75,000 and appropriating \$75,000 for the removal of snags from the Columbia River in Oregon.

On motion of Mr. Hermann of Oregon, the substitute was amended so that the appropriation for the Columbia River may be expended for continuing the jetty work.

The substitute was agreed to and the joint resolution, as amended, passed.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Oklahoma Townsite Bill.

The third section of the bill was finally agreed to after some amendment, and the committee rose. The bill was then reported and passed.

Mr. Stewart of Georgia, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported a bill for the purchase of two sites, and for the erection of buildings for the confinement of Federal prisoners at a cost of \$200,000 each, and appropriating \$100,000 for the erection of a workshop.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, and on motion of Mr. C. C. of California an amendment was adopted providing for three buildings, one to be located north and another south of the thirty-ninth degree and east of the Rocky Mountains, another west of the Rocky Mountains. The second section provides that convicts shall be employed exclusively in manufacturing for the Government.

Mr. Spindler of New York offered an amendment providing that they be not employed in the manufacture of any goods or merchandise that are manufactured in any part of the United States. Rejected.

Mr. McCree of Kentucky offered an amendment providing that convicts are not to be worked outside the prison inclosure. Adopted.

Mr. Raines of New York offered an amendment providing that the convicts be employed exclusively in manufacturing such supplies for the Government as can be manufactured without the use of machinery. Agreed to.

Pending further action the committee rose.

Mr. McKinley reported back the Customs Administration Bill, and it was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. McKinley moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole, stating that as soon as the committee was in session he would move that it rise and adjourn.

This did not prove satisfactory to the Democrats, and Mr. Crisp moved an adjournment.

The Speaker decided the motion lost—85 to 88. The yeas and nays were called for and the motion to adjourn was lost—yeas, 94; nays, 100.

Action then occurred on Mr. McKinley's motion to go into committee, but it was evident that the Democrats would demand the yeas and nays. Mr. McKinley moved to adjourn, which motion was agreed to.

The reason underlying Mr. Crisp's motion to adjourn was that the Committee on Election might report upon the contested-election case of Smith vs. Jackson, from the Fourth West Virginia District. He does not desire, in this he has the full support of the Democratic side of the House, that any contested-election case shall be called up while the House is devoted to any regular rules for its government, and is dependent only on general parliamentary laws as construed by the Speaker.

Mr. Hon. Fitch Phelps Dead.

DETROIT (Mich.), Jan. 22.—Hon. Fitch Phelps, ex-State Senator and Representative, and Provost Marshal of San Mateo, Cal., in 1893, and a prominent Republican of this State, died at his residence in Big Rapids this morning, from injuries received by a fall last Sunday.

T. Munson Coan, Century Club, N. Y. The Hotel Coronado is perfect. Its size, its surroundings, its gorgeous furnishing, public and private apartments, and its great open court, filled with tropical plants, with its climatic superiority, combine to make it unrivaled in the world. Then, its very excellent water.

PERSONAL NEWS.

R. G. Brewer came up from Redondo Beach yesterday.

A. J. Rankin of East Riverside is visiting Los Angeles.

W. D. F. Richards of Saticoy was at the Hollenbeck yesterday.

J. W. Collins and Fred T. Hill of San Diego are in the city.

W. T. Parker and wife of Pomona were guests of the Hollenbeck yesterday.

Police Commissioner Dexter is still confined to the house with la grippe, for which reason he was not at the meeting yesterday afternoon.

Jalier Hare failed to show up for duty yesterday, having a touch of the prevailing ailment. Officer Al Dillon was also off on account of diphtheria in his family.

W. A. Robinson, W. S. Newhall, J. C. Adams, W. C. Griffin, R. H. Davis, T. Simons, J. B. Robinson and M. F. Barnes of San Francisco are guests of the Hollenbeck.

The following passengers left for San Francisco yesterday by the Southern Pacific liner: J. P. Wilson, C. W. Curtis, Mr. Stevenson, A. D. Jones, W. S. Newhall, C. C. Harding, Charles Parsons, J. P. Mellen, Marcus Mayer, M. Katz, J. W. Randolph, F. W. Thompson.

P. C. Ayres and wife of Jackson, Mich., arrived in the city Tuesday night and are the guests of Mr. Ayres's half-brother, John McMillan. Mr. Ayres is one of the original settlers of Jackson and is one of the solid citizens of that place. He is looking around Los Angeles with a view to permanently settling here.

Miss Virginia Raskin, sister of the editor of *Le Gaulois*, left on Tuesday for the Sacred Heart College of Oakland, where she is engaged as professor. Miss Raskin, who has been a teacher for six years in the College of the Sisters of Our Lady, in Visé, Belgium, is a graduated teacher of more than ordinary prominence in her profession.

"ON WHEELS."

How the California Show Appears at St. Louis.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat, Jan. 16.]

"California on Wheels," the special train of three palace cars bearing an exhibit of the produce of the Golden State, which is making a tour of the Eastern States, arrived at the union depot at 6 o'clock last evening.

The train, which presents no unusual appearance, except the lettering, "California Fruit Exhibit Car," on the side of each coach, was boarded at the Jefferson Barracks by a Globe-Democrat reporter, who was courteously received by Supt. Joseph McDonald, and introduced to his co-workers.

The first car of the special train is entirely given up to an exhibit of various beautiful specimens of California fruits, tastefully arranged along the sides of the car in glass cases. The first case upon the left-hand side is devoted to a splendid display of various kinds of nuts. Then follows an exhibit of dried fruits, apricots, apples, peaches, raisins, figs, dates, plums and numerous others, the like of which are seldom seen. The next lot of cases contain a display of silk in various stages, from the raw cocoon and the silk just unwound from it to the true thread in different hues ready to be spun and woven. Very few people know that cotton is raised in the Golden State, yet the samples exhibited in this car will compare favorably with the best raised in the cotton States. The left-hand side of the coach contains various other magnificent specimens, amongst which are bananas 4 inches in diameter and 7 inches long, weighing an average of 6 pounds each; a jar of red peppers 8 inches in diameter, and pears weighing 5 pounds each. The right-hand side of the car is largely a repetition of the other side. It displays some onions 24 inches in circumference and weighing 7 pounds each; potatoes tipping the scale at 8 pounds, and quinces 17 inches in circumference. At the rear of the car is a wire basket containing a mammoth ostrich egg, and close by is a young ostrich stuffed and mounted. This car also contains samples of wheat, oats and corn raised in California.

The second car is chiefly devoted to a display of various California wines. In the center is a gigantic squash, weighing very nearly two hundred pounds. To the front and rear are samples of various ores and timbers.

The third car is used as the living car, containing the sleeping berths and dining and sitting-rooms of the delegation.

On the arrival of the train in the city the cars were sidetracked near Sixteenth street on track No. 5. The exhibit will remain in the city six days, and will be open to the public from 8 in the morning until 9 at night, with the exception of Sunday. No admittance fee is charged. None of the articles in the car are for sale. The exhibit is simply got up to give the general public some idea of the wonderful resources of the great Pacific Coast State.

The congregation of the Bethany Church, Angeles Heights, will give a reception to their pastor, Rev. Dr. Fackler, at the church tomorrow evening. There will be a brief programme and refreshments.

Dyspepsia

Makes many lives miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. Distress after eating, sick headache, heartburn, sour stomach, mental depression, etc., are caused by this very common and increasing disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla tones the stomach, creates an appetite, promotes digestion, relieves headache, clears the mind, and cures dyspepsia.

In a Terrible Condition.

"I owe my life to Hood's Sarsaparilla. For two years I was in a terrible condition with dyspepsia. I could eat nothing but soda crackers, and my weight fell from 170 to 135 pounds. Hood's Sarsaparilla helped me at once, and after using 12 bottles I was entirely cured. I have gained my usual weight, 170 pounds, and have had excellent health ever since." T. J. Wilcox, 20-28 1st South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Headache—Hot Flashes.

"I had headache, hot flashes, soreness and swelling about my body, pain in my right side, with frequent vomiting. I used Hood's Sarsaparilla with the best results. I am in better health than for four years. Hood's Sarsaparilla is safe, reliable, and sure." J. C. Willson, Auburn, Cal.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. \$1.50 per box. Prepared only by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

O. B. FULLER & CO.,

(Successors to McLean & Lehman),

PIONEER TRUCK & TRANSFER CO.,

No. 8 Market Street, Los Angeles.

Safe and piano moving. All kinds of truck work. TELEPHONE 132.

EAGLE STABLES,

30 SOUTH FORT STREET.

Good Teams at Reasonable Rates. Telephone No. 34. W. F. WHITE, Proprietor.

Hotel del Coronado.

ANOTHER GRAND

EXCURSION

FOR THE

HOTEL DEL CORONADO

LEAVES FIRST ST. DEPOT,

LOS ANGELES,

AT 8:55 A. M.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1890.

Returning Monday at 8 A. M.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS, with TWO DAYS' BOARD at the Hotel, includes Lunch on Saturday and Breakfast on Monday. Also entree to the

GRAND BALL IN THE EVENING,

AND TO THE

SACRED CONCERT ON SUNDAY.

Tickets for sale by Chas. T. Parsons, Ticket Agent, 29 North Spring Street; also at First Street Depot.

Coronado Agency and Bureau of Information, 23 NORTH SPRING ST., COR. FRANKLIN.

Carpet House.

LION & SONS

OFFER THIS WEEK,

AT THEIR CLOSING-OUT SALE,

—A FINE LINE OF—

BODY BRUSSELS CARPETS

WITH BORDERS TO MATCH,

At \$1.00 a Yard Sewed and Laid.

Come Early and Secure a Bargain.

LION & SONS,

37 to 41 S. Main St., Los Angeles.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

Walton & Wachtel,

Having Decided to Retire from Business, Offer

Their Entire Stock

—OF—

FURNITURE

In All Grades, from the Cheapest to the Best Made in the United States.

AT COST!

This is the best opportunity ever offered in this city to parties who contemplate furnishing dwellings, offices, etc.

214, 216, 218 S. SPRING.

Unclassified.
FOR SALE, BONDS.

District School Bonds, bearing 8 per cent interest. No better investment in the State.

NEUSTADT & PIRTLE,

BURDICK BLOCK,
No. 27 West Second Street.
SOUTH-FIELD

Wellington Coal.

The best fuel for domestic and steam purposes is the South-Field Wellington Coal.

—FOR SALE BY—

HANCOCK BANNING,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in WOOD, COAL AND CHARCOAL.

Office, 109 North Main Street.

Telephone No. 35.

Yard at Junction of San Fernando and Railroad Sts.

Yard Telephone No. 1047.

Will remove about January 28th to NO. 30 WEST SECOND STREET.

TEETH

Filled with gold, platinum, amalgam-cement, \$1 up; gold and porcelain crowns, \$4 up; artificial teeth on bridge (without plate) on gold, silver, aluminum, rubber and celluloid plates, \$4 up. Unsurpassed facilities for doing the best, as well as work at moderate cost. All work warranted. PARK PLACE DENTAL PARLORS, cor. Fifth and Hill sts.

Unclassified.
FOR SALE, BONDS.

If any dealer says he has the W. L. Douglas Shoe without name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
Best in the world. Examé his \$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOES. \$4.00 HAND-SEWED W.L. SHOES. \$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOES. \$2.50 LEATHER VALUE Calf Shoes. \$2.25 WORK WOMAN'S SHOES. All made in Congress, Boston and Lace.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE FOR LADIES.
Best Material, Best Style, Best Fitting. If not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Examine W. L. DOUGLAS' \$2 Shoe for Ladies and Gentlemen.

THE MASSACHUSETTS,

Boot and Shoe House,

23 WEST FIRST ST.

SOLE AGENTS FOR LOS ANGELES.

MAISON DOREE

RESTAURANT.

Private Saloons. Breakfast, Dinners and Suppers a la carte. 129 & 131 WEST FIRST STREET, Between Spring and Fort. V. DOL, Proprietor.

Hats, Underwear, Etc.

A CHANGE.

We have decided to make a change in our lines, and to do that we have to make room immediately.

WE ARE CUTTING THE PRICES!

This Sale is for a Limited Time Only.

HALF : HOSE : FOR : MEN.

English Orkney Merino, reduced from 40 cents to 25 cents. Fast Black Balbriggan, reduced from 35 cents to 25 cents. All Wool Cashmere, reduced from 50 cents to 35 cents. OTHER HOSE IN PROPORTION.

UNDERWEAR : FOR : MEN.

Natural Wool, reduced from \$1.50 to \$1.00. Brown Cashmere, reduced from \$1.75 to \$1.25. Best English Vienna, reduced from \$3.50 to \$2.50. GLOVES FOR MEN, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Knox Silk Hats, reduced from \$5.00 to \$4.50. Schiller, St. Louis Silk Hats from \$5 to \$4.00. Philadelphia Silk Hats, " \$7.00 to \$5.00. Black Cassimere Hats, " \$5 to \$3.50.

DERBY (STIFF) HATS.

Knot Hats, reduced from \$5.00 to \$4.00. Our Special, reduced from \$4.00 to \$3.00. John B. Stetson, reduced " \$5.00 to \$3.50. Our Leader, reduced from \$3.50 to \$2.50. All other styles of Hats reduced in proportion. See our Window Display. NOTE—The above prices are to cash buyers only.

Siegel & Hatter
LOS ANGELES CAL.

And Men's Furnisher,

UNDER THE NADEAU HOTEL.

The Coulter Dry Goods House.

SPECIAL SALE!

FOR THIS WEEK,

—OF—

Children's and Infants' Cloaks.

THEY MUST GO!

And we make, as given below, prices that will do it. Don't doubt, but come and see for yourself.

Children's Short Cloaks, for 1 to 4 yrs. only.

Children's Cloaks, sold at \$6.50 & \$4.00, now \$2.50.
Children's Cloaks, sold at 7.00 & 4.50, now 3.00.
Children's Cloaks, sold at 7.50 & 5.00, now 3.50.
Children's Cloaks, sold at 6.75 & 5.75, now 4.50.
Children's Cloaks, sold at 8.50 & 8.75, now 6.00.
Children's Cloaks, sold at 9.50 & 9.00, now 7.00.

PLUSH CLOAKS, Two to Six Years.

Plush Cloaks, sold at \$9.00, now \$3.50.

Plush Cloaks, sold at \$10.00, now \$4.50.

AT LESS PRICE THAN MATERIAL WOULD COST.

INFANTS' LONG CLOAKS.

Long Cloaks, sold at \$3.50, now \$2.00.

Long Cloaks sold at \$4.50, now \$2.50.

Long Cloaks, sold at \$6.00, now \$4.00.

Long Cloaks, sold at \$7.00, now \$4.50.

WE HAVE ONLY A FEW LEFT OF THESE GOODS. VISIT US EARLY AND TAKE CHOICE.

Children's Embroidered Silk Tam o' Shanter Caps,

at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Infants' Embroidered White Woolen Shawls,

at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Infants' White Robes, Infants' Booties and Woolen

Sacks, at Greatly Reduced Prices.

FUR. FUR. FUR.

Trimming Furs by the Yard, at Half Price.

Fifty Per Cent Discount.

Kentucky Jeans and Kentucky Knitting Yarns

Always on Hand.

New Spring All Silk Wash Surahs!

Warranted to Wash and Colors Guaranteed Fast,

Twenty-four Inches Wide,

AT \$1.00 PER YARD.

—THE—

COULTER DRY GOODS HOUSE,

101, 103 & 105 S. Spring St., Cor. Second.

Diamonds, Jewelry, Etc.

S. NORDLINGER,

Diamonds, Watches,

130 N. MAIN ST.

Los Angeles, Cal.

A Most-Complete Line of Novelties for the Holidays

CAN BE SEEN AT OUR ESTABLISHMENT.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks and Bronzes of all the latest styles and descriptions. Our stock is the largest in this town, but we are not overstocked. No auctions or selling out below cost, but we guarantee our prices lower than any other house in California. Our standing of 21 years in this town is a guarantee

LOCAL EVENTS.

COL. W. H. H. RUSSELL TO BE COURT-MARTIALED.

A Court of Inquiry Charges Him with Incompetency and Misappropriation of Funds—Appropriation of School Funds—In Jail for Attempting to Defraud Creditors.

In July last a court of inquiry was appointed by Brig-Gen. E. P. Johnson, of the Seventh Regiment N.G.C., to examine into the conduct of Col. W. H. H. Russell, in command of the Seventh Regiment. Russell was charged with incompetency as an officer and the misappropriation of the funds of the regiment.

The investigation has been a long and tedious one, but it was concluded yesterday, and a report will be made to Gen. Johnson today. The court will recommend that a court-martial be ordered at once, and if this is done Col. Russell will be placed under arrest in a day or two. The court-martial will be drawn by either Gen. Dimond or Gen. Orton. The president of the court will have to be selected from one of the northern regiments, as Col. Russell ranks the officers of the Seventh Regiment. The other members will be selected from the officers of the regiment. Russell was elected Colonel of the regiment on the 5th of June, 1888, and there has been more or less complaint among the men and officers ever since.

IN JAIL.

Charged with Trying to Defraud His Creditors.

Yesterday afternoon between 3 and 4 o'clock a man named Robert Hayward was arrested on a charge of attempting to leave the city for the purpose of defrauding his creditors, and locked up in the County Jail, on the complaint of E. H. Bentley. Last night Hayward was seen at the County Jail by a TIMES reporter, to whom he told his story. He is an Englishman past middle-age, of respectable appearance, and makes a straight statement, denying any criminal intent. He says, in brief, that some eighteen months ago, being in need of money, he went to an English lawyer in the city named Gardiner, with whom he had had business relations in the old country, and told him his circumstances. He said that his wife had property in England, and when he told Gardiner the fact he was in the lawyer told him that if he and his wife would make a note he and his partner, Bentley, would endorse it and he could get the money. He then made a note, as requested, and was told that F. Hellman, a money-lender on Third street, would advance the money on it. He took the note to Hellman, who gave him the money, charging him 2 per cent. per month interest. Hayward said that he had had luck, and could not meet the note when it fell due, and some weeks ago his wife returned to England for the purpose of disposing of some property she owned in that country to pay the note against him. Since her departure he had received a letter stating that his presence was necessary to settle up the business, and it was his intention to go back. There was no concealment about this, and both Gardiner and Bentley knew all about it. He did not intend to defraud any one, and the note could be collected in England, as his wife has property there. Mr. Hayward further said that Gardiner and Bentley both knew he owned no property, but that it was in his wife's name, and for that reason she was made a party to the transaction. Besides this, he says, he was railroaded into the jail before he had a chance to consult with attorneys and friends. Mr. Hayward will probably be released today on the presentation of the facts in court, and says that he intends to take legal advice as to whether or not he has a case against the parties for false imprisonment.

EAST SIDE.

Important Meeting of the Chamber—News Budget.

The East Side Chamber of Commerce met last evening, President Garrett in the chair.

The Committee on Membership made a report that there are about seventy-one members.

The Committee on Laws and Legislation made a written report recommending that steps be taken to repeal the mortgage tax law; also that hereafter when questions pertain to law matters they be submitted in writing.

A report on boulevards was presented and placed on file, and on motion, the Committee on Boulevards was continued and requested to push the matter of the extension of Griffin avenue.

The committee on Downey-avenue bridge approach had been informed that the Council is about to attend to the matter at once. The committee was continued.

A communication was read inviting the Chamber of Commerce to attend the laying of the corner-stone of the Reform School at Whittier. The chamber accepted the invitation.

The Board of Directors was granted further time for the appointment of secretary.

Dr. Marks addressed the chamber on the question of the Buena Vista-street bridge, asking the chamber to take immediate action and take the matter before the Council. Messrs. Willis, Sovereign and Earl were appointed a committee to confer with the Council and endeavor to have something done.

The following committees were announced:

On Membership—C. A. Teel, E. W. Caesar, Milton Smith.

On Commerce—W. C. Hughes, John Eggert, L. M. Brown.

On Manufactures—F. Backman, A. E. Meigs, R. McGovern.

On Motive Power—D. A. Sovereign, C. A. Teel, E. W. Caesar.

On Immigration—L. M. Brown, Dr. R. W. Morris, F. J. Dyer.

On Ways and Means—C. N. Earl, J. E. Yocum, W. W. Stockwell.

On Money, Loans and Openings for Capital—M. D. Johnson, Sherman Smith, Uri Embury.

On Statistics and Compilation—S. H. C. Langworthy, L. S. Ackerman, Sherman Smith.

On Laws and Legislation—F. R. Willis, C. W. Burris.

On Grievances—L. H. Whitson, George Weeks, Dr. R. W. Morris.

On Visitors—D. Gilbert Dexter, H. V. Van Duse, C. N. Earl.

On Parks and Boulevards—E. J. Cox, F. R. Willis, M. D. Johnson.

On Hotels—D. Jones, W. C. Hughes, J. J. White.

On Health, Sanitation and Public Improvement—Drs. Bullard, Whitworth and Steadon.

NOTES.

Dr. Carson, who a few months ago

went to Missouri for his wife's health, but lost her by death shortly afterward, will return to East Los Angeles on or about February 1st. His many friends will be glad to see him, but will miss his beloved companion.

Mr. De Berry and wife are down with la grippe, and are suffering very intensely from the malady.

George W. Russell, from Unionville, Mich., arrived yesterday, and will spend the winter in Los Angeles.

Mr. Jackson of South Workman street met with a serious accident yesterday, while going over the bridge with a heavy horse. As he was going up the approach, the horse refused to get out of the way of the cable cars, and backed the buggy into the moving train, nearly demolishing the buggy. Fortunately there was no person hurt, and no damage done, save to the buggy.

Miss Simon is dangerously ill with la grippe.

S. M. Brown is out once more, after a severe attack of la grippe.

Mr. Dague and wife left last evening for Tropico to attend the wedding of Miss Ollie Cole, daughter of John J. Cole of that place, which will take place today.

Miss Hattie E. Wood, who has been spending several days in East Los Angeles at the Glenwood, will leave for San Diego today.

New arrivals at the Glenwood yesterday were George W. Russell, wife and son, and S. D. Brady, all from Michigan.

Mrs. Carpenter of Santa Monica arrived yesterday to care for Mrs. W. Garze, who is seriously ill with la grippe.

A team belonging to Pierce Bros. created some excitement yesterday on Truman street and Downey avenue. Richard McSorley and Charles King were doing some hauling about the stable, when the team became unmanageable, throwing the men from the wagon and injuring Mr. McSorley quite seriously. The team ran down Truman street to Downey avenue, then up the avenue, upsetting a buggy and throwing a horse upon the sidewalk, but doing no special damage to the buggy or horse. The team then ran around the block and was caught near the stable whence they started.

The Cross Railroad Company is laying rails, and is now as far as the bridge.

WEST END BOARD OF TRADE.

The Water-franchise Question Discussed—Temple-street Regrading.

The West End Board of Trade met at its rooms at 1210 Temple street last evening, about thirty of the members being present.

C. H. Sessions reported progress in the matter of reservoir No. 4 lands, and the committee was continued.

The matter of the municipal control of the light and water of the city was strongly advocated, and the following was read from a New York journal:

Gas companies will probably be among the first to yield to the demand for municipal control of such arrangements as are indispensable for the comfort and safety of our cities. Already satisfactory experiments made in England have been excellent in America, as in Wheeling, W. Va., where the gas tax is 75 cents per 1000 for private persons. The streets and public buildings are lighted free, and \$27,000 a year is turned into the city treasury from the profits. Others may well take courage and do likewise.

The following was passed as the sense of the board: "That the City Council should grant no more franchises to water companies, and that the city should take immediate steps for putting in a plant of its own."

The Water Committee was instructed to formulate proper water rates, and prepare a report to be acted upon at the next meeting of the board.

It was declared the sense of the board that the dummy road, known as the Cahuenga Valley Railroad, be removed from Belmont avenue and Temple street.

Owing to the fact that strenuous efforts are being put forth in circulating a protest against the regrading of Temple street, a committee of 15 was appointed to acquaint all property owners in the assessed district of the facts concerning such regrading.

Came to a Full Stop.

A slight accident occurred at the corner of Seventh street and Grand avenue last night about 10 o'clock, by which the passengers in a cable car were considerably shaken up. Some error was made in letting go the grip, and instead of the car swinging gracefully around the curve to Grand avenue it came to a sudden stop, which threw the passengers wildly forward.

No one was injured, but it took about fifteen minutes to repair the damages to the car.

There was a break in the cable on the Grand-avenue and Plaza line yesterday morning which delayed the running of cars an hour or two, but it was repaired as rapidly as possible.

Stolen Cane.

Last evening as Judge C. C. Ray was walking on the street, he was approached by a rather disreputable-looking individual, who offered him a gold-headed cane, which he said he had for sale. The Judge took the cane to examine, when he saw some initials on the head, showing that it had been presented by some one to a friend. He accused the man of having stolen the cane, when the fellow turned and ran away. Judge Ray reported the case to the police station. He has the cane in his possession, and the owner can get the same by calling at the station and proving the property.

Chinese Gambler Arrested.

Last night, between 8 and 9 o'clock, as Officer Roberts was passing up Alameda street, he noticed a crowd of boys, from 12 to 15 years of age, standing around a Chinaman, and on investigating discovered that the heathen was running a sort of chuck-a-luck game, his implements being an empty orange box, on the side of which were some Chinese characters, a couple of Chinese bowls and three dice. The officer arrested the Chinaman and brought his outfit to the station. Here the Chinaman gave the name of Wong Wov and was locked up.

Notice to Mariners.

Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that the black and white can buoy outside of Mouse Rock, off Cayucas, Cal., recently reported out of position, and the black spar buoy, entrance to Cayucas Landing, reported disappeared, have both been replaced. The notice is made by Nicolai Ludlow, Commander U.S.N. Inspector.

A Frugal Hint.

Los Angeles, Jan. 20.—(To the Editor of THE TIMES.) Apropos of the Pasadena boulevard versus the Arroyo Seco bridge: In hard times provident people think it economy to repair their old clothes rather than indulge in rich and exclusive luxuries.

POOR RICHARD.

LIVE STOCK.

OSTRICHES have loomed into some prominence in Southern California, there being in 1889 360 birds, which produced \$20,000 worth of feathers. As an exchange remarks, "the Anaheim canary is a bonanza."

FOUNDED glass, though fatal to human beings, does not hurt poultry, and may be given them to advantage to grind up their food with in default of gravel. The only restriction is, use not colored glass, as it may be poisonous.

The following points are claimed in favor of the Holstein-Friesians by a correspondent of the Rural Press, Mr. A. Forbes, Eureka, Cal.:

"The Holsteins give a greater flow of milk and maintain it longer than the Shorthorn or Jersey; they are better foragers and will thrive on a rough range where a Shorthorn or Jersey would starve. They learn to drink much easier than the other breeds, and have more sense about bunting over their milk dishes; they are not so liable to scold when changing from sweet milk to sour or from warm to cold messes."

THERE is a swindle in short-weight butter, in which it would seem that the dairyman is ahead of the poultryer, for the latter must put in 12 eggs for a dozen and cannot get around it. There is a refuge, however, even in selling by the dozen, for the eggs may be so small that they are not more than half the equal of so many larger eggs, which bring only the same price. The remedy is, sell by weight, in which the producer of generous-sized eggs will be justly recompensed for the superior quality of his goods.

THE Leghorn is a small fowl, but that fact does not militate against its market value so much as might be thought. It will weigh a pound as soon as chicks of any other breed, and as small fowls are often preferred by the purchaser the Leghorn stands a good chance of bringing the full price of a larger bird. The principal objection is that it flies like a hawk, being strong of wing and light of body, and whoever keeps it must either clip its wings or build a high fence.

What "not to have" in the way of hogs is graphically portrayed by a correspondent of the Chicago Prairie Farmer in his travels through Florida. He says:

"As to stock, aside from mules, it was the poorest I have ever seen. The hogs are as black as the negro of pure blood, and I don't think I saw one that weighed 100 pounds, though of course there may have been better ones shut out the size of a pig. The cows were about the size of a western yearling, and as beef and butter-makers they must prove a sorry failure. Nearly, if not quite, all the butter used at the hotel is imported from the North. At the exposition they had a ball of butter, weighing four or five pounds, which the attendant showed us, and with great pride assured us that it was made in the State. In speaking to a gentleman who had resided there several years of his interior stock, he illustrated it by saying that one of his neighbors killed a beef and took it to Jacksonville for sale, and that when he heard of the sale, he took a hind-quarter in each hand. He said the way they told when a hog was fit to kill was to lift him by the ears, and if his body would bend in the middle, he was fit to eat. If he turned him out in the pines again, this may have been a slight exaggeration, but I do not think it was much, judging from what we saw."

Add to this the fact that all their hay is brought from the north, that the only kind of grass in the State is of wire grass which no animal will eat unless starved to it, and that the traveler did not see anywhere in the State "enough tame grass to keep one horse alive," and it will be seen that Florida is not the paradise of the dairyman that Southern California is.

"What can a man do if he comes here to farm?" is a question often asked by those who think of coming. Of course it is not asked by those who have plenty of money, for the man with lots of money can do as he pleases anywhere, and the farmer with abundant means could buy exactly the farm to suit him, in any line of products, and go on with it profitably and pleasantly. But the man with little money—what can he do? Well, one thing he can do with very little means is to engage in dairying. He can get for \$200 an acre of land within five miles of the center of the city of Los Angeles that will grow alfalfa without irrigation, and of which 10 acres will support ten to twelve cows. This is a capital of only \$200 for land, and that he can have on easy terms if he wishes. Suppose he does not wish to, or cannot, buy the land, he can rent the same land, for about \$15 an acre a year. This, for a rental of \$150 a year for land and feed for 12 cows, or at the rate of \$12.50 per cow. Probably a man with \$2000 would require no hired help; if industrious he would certainly do all the work himself, and so he would be under very little expense for the running of a 12-cow dairy other than this \$150-a-year rent and the interest on the stock. Now the proceeds of the business appear to be liberal, from the prices of the products here. The milk may be retailed to customers, or sold in bulk to other peddlers, who buy many such, or the cream may be sold, or it may be all made into butter, which is always ready sale at a good price. These methods of disposition are all easy of accomplishment, without extra expense, and the proceeds are so nearly all clear gain that a man who certainly made a good living for a family from a 10-acre dairy. The profits of the Goleta (Santa Barbara county) creamery are stated by a local paper to be \$75 a year per cow, and this being a large establishment, conducted with hired help, it would seem that a man doing his own work should be able to do as well.

DIED.

MCCARTY—At his residence, 35 Philadelphia street, on Wednesday, at 6:10 p.m. J. H. McCarty, aged 57 years.

Funeral from the residence Friday, January 24th, at 1 p.m. Friends of the family invited. KNOX—In this city, January 18, 1890, Fred Knox, a native of Ohio, aged 32 years.

Funeral took place Wednesday, January 23, 1890, at 2 p.m. from the residence of Mrs. Peck, Sharp & Metzke Co. Friends invited. Minneapolis and Cleveland, O., papers please copy.

What'er beside you chance to want, Ne'er fall short of SOZODONT. But keep it always in your sight, A source of beauty and delight. To cleanse your teeth till with your smile The most fastidious you beguile.

Unclassified.

C. H. WEDGWOOD, ARCHITECT.

Office, 128 West Second St.

THE W. H. PERRY Lumber and Manufacturing Company's

Lumber Yard and Planing Mill.

Commercial St. Los Angeles.

Unclassified.

STOCKTON MILLING CO. STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Office, 819 California Street.

For Sale by All First-class Grocers.

St. ANGELO HOTEL, GRAND AVE., near Temple Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

New and elegantly furnished, and is, without exception, the finest family hotel in Southern California. High elevation, fine view, walk from courthouse, cable car every five minutes. Best center in the city. Rooms and board reasonable.

WAGON MATERIAL, HARD WOODS, Iron, Steel, Horseshoes and Nails, Blacksmith's Coal and Tools, Cabinet Woods, Etc., Etc.

JOHN WIGMORE, 18 and 16 S. Los Angeles St.

Lines of Travel.

S. G. V. RAPID TRANSIT R.Y.

Passes given to parties building (subject to approval of the directors) along the line of its road.

LEAVE MONROVIA FOR LEAVE COMMERCIAL LOS ANGELES, VIA P. R. R. 8:00 a.m. and 12:30 p.m. 9:00 a.m. and 3:54 p.m.

Same time, except 3:54 p.m. train from Commercial street will leave at 2:14 p.m. Passengers transferred at Ramona.

INTERMEDIATE STATIONS: Soto Street, Mayberry, Sunny Slope, Santa Monica, San Marino, Baldwin, Alhambra, San Gabriel, Arcadia.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA RAILWAY CO. (SANTA FE ROUTE). On and after SUNDAY, OCT. 21, 1889, trains will leave and arrive at First-street depot as follows:

LEAVE Los Angeles. ARRIVE.

8:30 a.m. Overland, 4:30 p.m. 8:30 a.m. S. Diego, 4:30 p.m. 8:30 a.m. S. Diego, 4:30 p.m.

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ORANGE LANDS! 10-TEN YEARS' TIME—10 IN THE FAMOUS FOOTHILL BELT. WEST HIGHLANDS.

IN PASADENA
THE TIMES is served regularly by
carrier, at an early hour every morn-
ing, to the residences and business
places of citizens, at the same price
charged in Los Angeles.

The Pasadena Edition is now pub-
lished every day, and the matter on
this page runs through the entire
issue; so that Pasadena and her ad-
vertisers get the full benefit of the
Times circulation.

The Times

PASADENA DAILY EDITION.
BRANCH OFFICE, No. 26 1/2 E. COLORADO ST.

EDITORIALS.

It is rumored that the library will be
closed at the end of the month. This
should be avoided if possible.

TIMES are changing. A week ago if
a man lost his grip it was a matter of
commiseration; now he rejoices in the
fact.

The attention of the authorities is
called to the second faith cure or Chris-
tian science outrage recently enacted in
this city.

The interview on railroads with Dr.
Conger in this issue will prove of es-
pecial interest to every citizen of this
city and Los Angeles.

YESTERDAY seemed more like our
orthodox winter weather; the sun was
warm and penetrating, and everybody
was out taking advantage of it.

In the opinion of many, the
City Council erred in summoning
Mr. Mayer, the City Engineer, for pub-
licly expressing his opinion regarding
the sewer question, but it showed its
good judgment in refusing to take for-
mal action. The matter is a personal
one between Mr. Mayer and Mr. Pol-
ley, and we trust that these gentlemen,
both in their several professions, can
come to some amicable understanding.

WHILE the opera-house in this city
pays it is not the bonanza that it might
be if it were a little nearer the heart of
the city. There is a demand here for a
good ballroom for the festive occasions
that lend gladness to our winter even-
ings. If the owners of the opera-house
had a good flooring that could be put
over the auditorium after the fashion
in the East they could undoubtedly
rent the building very often. Last
year the Valley Hunt ball was given in
the Carleton and was crowded, and
this season the Webster parlor is the
only available space—a beautiful room,
but too restricted for the purpose.

The bids for park grounds are in.
Mr. Shorb offers to sell thirty or forty
acres at Marcelline for \$400 per acre
on long time, at 5 per cent., and a cash
payment of some kind; or he will sell
the entire tract of 185 acres for about
\$60,000, going in himself to the extent
of \$10,000, under conditions. Mr.
Painter offers about forty acres of
land with a graded track free for three
years.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.

Two Propositions for Pasadena's
Park.

Hon. H. W. Magee, chairman of the
Park Commissioners, appointed re-
cently by the citizens, has received
formal propositions from J. de Barth
Shorb and A. J. Painter for the sale
of the tracts of land which have been
deemed specially adapted for the pur-
poses of the proposed park.

Mr. Shorb's proposition is as follows:
"I will sell thirty or forty acres in the
northwest portion of the Marcelline
tract, adjoining Pasadena, for \$400 per
acre, on long payment, at 5 per cent.
interest, and a cash payment as may
be agreed upon. Or I will sell the en-
tire tract of about 185 acres for \$375
per acre, and will take in an organ-
ization formed, strong enough to handle
such a proposition, \$10,000."

Mr. Painter's proposition offers the
free use for three years with a half-
mile graded track of that portion of
the south 40 acres of block I of the
subdivided lands of J. H. Painter and
B. F. Ball, which lie north of the
track of the City Railway Company
and immediately east of the Lincoln-
avenue depot of the Altadena Rail-
road. This land, Mr. Painter states,
contains full water rights and has a
well 160 feet deep, which is practi-
cally inexhaustible.

The Park Commissioners will con-
sider the propositions without delay,
and as soon as either site has been
chosen steps will be taken to increase
public interest in the matter and push
forward the undertaking to a success-
ful completion.

BREVITIES.

La gripe's victims are numerous
and dependent.

An unusually heavy frost settled
Tuesday night.

Senator Rose was at the Webster
yesterday.

Pasadena sent her first carload of
oranges east last night.

Dr. Tryer Wilcox will give a parlor
talk on "Dress and Health" to the
ladies at the sanitarium and hotel,
South Pasadena, this afternoon at 3
o'clock.

A meeting of the foot-ball club was
held yesterday evening. A game will
probably be arranged with the Uni-
versity eleven for Saturday.

Residents of the eastern part of
town want an electric light at the cor-
ner of Moline avenue and Villa street.
The Times wants another at the sta-
tion.

A typographical error made Mr. W.
U. Masters's subject for Friday even-
ing in the Universalist Church "The
People and the Past." It should have
read "The People and the Post."

"At Immense Personal Sacrifice."
PASADENA, Jan. 22.—[To the Editor
of THE TIMES.] The following owl-like
utterance is taken from The Tribune
correspondence:

Mr. Senmans is well known in this
vicinity, and no one who knows him has
the slightest doubt but he will grant ex-
actly what the people wish, even at an im-
mense personal sacrifice.

Yes, the County Superintendent is
well known here. The invitation to the
"personal sacrifice" has not reached us
yet, but we accept; we want to see it.

The Walla Walla Union offers the
conundrum to the Interstate Commis-
sion: If it costs \$5 to carry a ton of
wheat from Chicago to New York, a
distance of 1000 miles, why should it
cost \$4.70 to carry a ton of wheat from
Walla Walla to Portland, a distance of
245 miles?

BY MAIL, \$9 A YEAR.

COMING, SURE.

EXTENSION OF TWO TRUNK
LINES TO THE PACIFIC.

Dr. Conger Throws Some Light On
an Interesting Subject—The Advan-
tages of a Road Through the
Arroyo Seco Pass.

"They will come as sure as you live,"
said Dr. O. H. Conger to a Times rep-
resentative yesterday on Colorado
street in reply to a question put to
him by the reporter as to the probab-
ility of the Union Pacific and the Den-
ver and Rio Grande roads extending
their lines to the Pacific Coast. "Come
up to my house and I will show you
some maps and data, which ought to
furnish you plenty of interesting and
official news."

The Times man was glad to accept
the invitation. Anything relating to
the extension of another trunk line
through this section of country is of
paramount interest to people here,
especially when the news comes from a
person as well informed as is Dr. Con-
ger. As an assayer and metallurgist
he has traversed all of the country
through which surveys have been run,
and he is thoroughly acquainted with
every portion of it in detail. The rich
mining regions of Southern Utah and
Nevada are altogether familiar to Dr.
Conger, who superintended important
operations there 25 years ago.

"Two companies, the Denver and
Rio Grande and the Union Pacific, are
contemplating an early extension of
their lines to the Southern Pacific
Coast, and it is likely that both lines
will be built," began Dr. Conger.
"The survey of the Denver and Rio
Grande leaves the main line at Grand
Junction, in the western part of Colo-
rado. The line runs in a southwest-
erly direction, crossing the north
branch of the Grand River, and after-
ward the Colorado River, between
seventy-five and one hundred miles
south of where the main line crosses it.
The best line is then taken in a
southwesterly direction, across Utah
to Red Virgin, between St. Thomas
and Colville, in Southeastern Nevada.
Another survey runs the line so as to
strike the rich coal and iron fields in
the vicinity of Parowan, in South-
western Utah. Thence the line runs
to St. George, in the same
State, and then goes very di-
rectly to Los Vegas, a town in
Southeastern Nevada, where there are
immense lead and zinc mines. Another
possible route will be from St. George
to Indio, paralleling nearly with the
Colorado River. The route by way of
Indio, which is a station on the South-
western Pacific, would make the western
terminus of the road at San Diego."

"The route, however, from St.
George to Los Angeles by way of the
Arroyo Seco Pass is at least 150 miles
shorter than by way of San Diego.
Barstow lies almost in a direct line be-
tween St. George and Los Angeles.
The country traversed is remarkably
rich in coal and salt deposits and mi-
nerals generally. The line, moreover,
which has been laid out apparently in
the interests of the Goulds, will be
300 miles shorter on a close estimate
from Chicago to Los Angeles than any
now operating or projected."

"A road built through the Arroyo
Seco Pass will bring Barstow 59 miles
nearer Los Angeles than by way of
the Cajon Pass, and such a route will
also make the distance between
Barstow and Los Angeles 19 miles less
than between Mojave Junction and
Los Angeles on the Southern Pacific."
"No objection can be offered in the
way of engineering difficulties through
the Arroyo Seco Pass. The maximum
grade of a road following that direc-
tion would not exceed 130 feet to the
mile. The maximum grade in the
Cajon Pass is 165 feet to the mile.
The approach from the north to the
point of maximum grade would not
be over eighty feet to the mile, so that
there would be no difficulty in
handling coal and heavy freight. This
route would necessitate two tunnels—
one 1800 feet long and the other 4000
feet. By increasing the length of the
tunnels the maximum grade would be
materially reduced. Another im-
portant advantage an Arroyo Seco road
would possess would be its freedom
from exposures to washouts and gen-
eral damage resulting from storm or
floods, owing to the lofty elevation at
which it would necessarily be built."

"Too much cannot be said of the na-
ture of the country through which the
surveys pass. I have already men-
tioned the exceptional mineral richness
of Southern Utah and Nevada. I
might add that the same section is a
rich agricultural region, which only
requires a railroad to develop its re-
sources. Coming nearer home, a line
through the Arroyo Seco Pass would
traverse, within 30 miles of Los Ange-
les, dense timber lands, a rich coal
belt, and valuable deposits of silver,
gypsum and other metals and minerals
of more or less value."

"An extension of the Union Pacific is
contemplated from Mantle, in Central
Utah, south toward the head of the
Sevier River. The line then crosses the
mountains to Beaver, and thence to
St. George. From the latter point the
general route is much the same as that
traced by the Denver and Rio Grande
survey."

"As I have said, both lines are al-
most certain to be built, and that sur-
vey which offers the greatest nat-
ural resources and most favorable con-
ditions for building the road. As I
have shown, the Arroyo Seco Pass
route possesses decided advantages
over any other surveyed and it stands
a correspondingly good chance of be-
ing chosen. Should this happen it
will place Pasadena on another trunk
line, and it does not require a far-
sighted citizen to see the good that is
to result from such a state of things."

High License vs. Prohibition.

The lecture to be given by Dr. Stephen
Bowers, next Monday evening, will be
under the auspices of the Woman's
Christian Temperance Union and the
Y.M.C.A. It is understood that the
speaker will handle the license and
prohibition questions, probably with
some reference to our coming city elec-
tion, and so much interest has been
awakened in the matter that it was
thought the seating capacity of Will-
iams's Hall was not large enough. The
lecture will be given there at the
Tabernacle. It will be free to all.

The allotment of school money for
Utah Territory was made last Satur-
day. The 24 counties got \$137,432.70,
while the 65 districts of Salt Lake
county got \$29,722.80. There are 12,648
children in that county between 6 and
18 years of age, and the allotment for
each is \$2.30 per capita.

Last Friday Chang On and Ah Gung
left Courtland in a boat to go to Fos-
ter's ranch, on Sutter's Slough, Sacra-
mento county, to collect some money.
On Saturday their boat was found cap-
sized in the tule, and soon after
Chang's body was recovered.

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THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Declines to Take Action in the
Mayer Matter.

A special meeting of the City Board
of Trustees was held yesterday morn-
ing at 9:30 o'clock. President Throop
and all the Councilmen except Mr.
Townsend were present.

Clerk Cambell read the minutes of
the last meeting, which were ap-
proved.

The Clerk reported that he had de-
livered up the delinquent tax list, with
5 per cent. added, last Monday.

A petition was read, signed by 50
residents and property-owners, urging
the importance of an electric light at
the corner of Moline avenue and Villa
street. The matter was referred to the
Committee on Fire and Water.

The matter as to whether or not the
iron electric-light poles in the streets
are dangerous was referred to the
Health Officer to investigate and re-
port upon.

The attorney reported that the writ
of attachment of L. B. Manter against
E. L. Southwick for \$3.70 had been set-
tled. Mr. Polley also reported that the
plans for the interior of the library
building, as drawn up, could not be
obtained. Further time was asked for
to report upon Mr. Leggett's title to the
property. This report will probably be
made at Saturday's meeting.

An ordinance was introduced au-
thorizing the issuance of library bonds
and providing for other matters con-
nected with the same. The ordinance
was laid on the table.

In the matter of E. S. Frost moving
his frame building, known as the
Broadway restaurant, to a site be-
hind the City Hall, the Committee on
Fire and Water reported against such
removal. A vote was taken, which re-
sulted in a deadlock, Councilmen Mills
and McLean supporting the recommen-
dation of the committee and President
Throop and Trustee Millard voting against it.
Councilman Townsend's vote will be
required to settle the matter.

A number of bills were referred to
the committee.

The Committee on Sewers and Sanitary
Measures reported that it had been
unable to come to any decision
with regard to City Engineer Mayer's
alleged derogatory statements to the
City Attorney and Board of Trustees,
as published recently in THE TIMES.
The matter was accordingly referred
back to the board, but it did not end
there. Attorney Polley started the
ball rolling by arising and in a lengthy
argument attempting to show that Mr.
Mayer's remarks not only reflected
upon himself (Mr. Polley) and the
Council, but that they were prejudicial
to the city's interests in the coming
suit on the sewer question. Mr. Polley
held a copy of THE TIMES in his hand,
from which he read extracts from Mr.
Mayer's remarks.

He argued that Mr. Mayer had at-
tempted to put in a sewer system of
his own to the detriment of the West
system, and that he had made false
assumptions regarding the incompe-
tency of the city's attorneys. Mr.
Polley interspersed his remarks with
rather doubtful compliments, which
were showered chiefly and with appar-
ent relish upon Mr. Mayer, who was
present to answer all charges made
against him.

Mr. Mayer, at the conclusion of Mr.
Polley's address, replied in a somewhat
similarly complimentary fashion, and
denied all intention to criticize the
board or place it in a false light by
anything he had said in the interview.
He suggested that the sewer system
had been planned by himself, and that
the West system simply related to the
disposal of sewage. He disclaimed
making any false charges against
either the attorney or city.

The matter was discussed at length,
and, after mature deliberation, the
Council decided to take no formal
action.

Death of the Victor.

Charley Kimball died yesterday
morning at the Raymond. Death re-
sulted from consumption, and, al-
though it was unexpected, it came
as a shock to his many warm friends
at the hotel. He was in the 23d year
of his age and had been in delicate
health for some time. His loss will be
keenly felt by all who knew him.

STATE AND COAST.

There were 35 deaths in San Fran-
cisco on last Saturday.

St. Helena felt a slight earthquake
on Thursday, January 16th.

An unusual amount of opium was
imported into San Francisco this
month.

A company has been organized to
develop San Jacinto Valley and induce
immigration.

Gov. Waterman has appointed Alex-
ander Bradshaw, the author of the
Crater, "His Excellency," to be Port
Warden of San Francisco.

The sheepmen of Wheatland have
lost many of their flocks recently by
vicious dogs that roamed about the
country. Last week the owners went
gunning and killed 35 dogs in one day.

A million voters engaged in farming
in Nevada would secure more consid-
eration for silver in Washington than
one Congressman from that State on
the Committee of Finance. [Inyo In-
dependent.]

Theodore Marsteller shot a silver-tail
eagle near Phoenix, Ariz., last Sat-
urday. Its wings measured nine feet
when extended. The bird had done
him much damage in carrying off
young pigs and chickens.

A German baker landed in Seattle
23 years ago with a few hundred dol-
lars. He started in business and soon
bought a lot for \$450. Last week he
sold it for \$53,700 and started for Cal-
ifornia, where he will take life easy for
the rest of his days.

All the lumber mills on Puget Sound
that belong to the Pacific Pine and
Lumber Association have reduced their
working time to 120 hours a month.
Some of the mills talk of shutting
down until April next.

Last Friday Chang On and Ah Gung
left Courtland in a boat to go to Fos-
ter's ranch, on Sutter's Slough, Sacra-
mento county, to collect some money.
On Saturday their boat was found cap-
sized in the tule, and soon after
Chang's body was recovered.

The allotment of school money for
Utah Territory was made last Satur-
day. The 24 counties got \$137,432.70,
while the 65 districts of Salt Lake
county got \$29,722.80. There are 12,648
children in that county between 6 and
18 years of age, and the allotment for
each is \$2.30 per capita.

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CITY BRIEFS.

The Central W.C.T.U. will meet at the Temple tomorrow at 2:30 p.m.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for Dr. James K. Doyle and Neil Holmes.

J. H. McCarthy, the real-estate man who was stricken with paralysis a few days ago, died yesterday. He was nearly 57 years old.

Miss Emma Rose, daughter of Judge U. M. Rose of Little Rock, Ark., arrived in the city yesterday, and will visit in Los Angeles during the spring.

Thomas Pearson, the colored local statesman, denies the charge that he "sold out" his people, or any of them, for coin. He denies the allegation and defies the saurian. He publishes a "Warning" under the head of "Special Notices."

Information comes from San Francisco that the case of Miss Kirzery Diel vs. the Southern Pacific Company has been compromised by stipulation for \$1000, and that the plaintiff has dismissed the action. She sued the company for \$25,000 damages for an alleged assault upon her by a brakeman while she was in a berth in a tourist car en route to San Francisco.

"Witness" writes to THE TIMES that the report published yesterday of the accident to Mr. Spurgeon was correct so far as it records the facts, "but the cause thereof was the refusal of the gripman to stop the car upon which Mr. Spurgeon desired to take passage. Unfortunately the gripman made no motion at all except to reduce the speed of the car, instead of coming to a stop as desired."

Mrs. Wilson, a friend of the Edwards family, came to the Times office yesterday to say that it was all a mistake about any domestic trouble in that family, as has been published in several papers in the city. She says that she has lived next door to the family for two years past, and knows that the relations between Edwards and his wife have always been of the most pleasant nature.

Business was dull in the police courts yesterday. Besides the regular drunks, Judge Stanton only had two cases. V. Charles Duncan, charged with violating the license ordinance, who was fined \$10, which was paid, and I. Gotthelf, charged with the same offense, whose case was continued. Judge Owens tried one case, Kern, for disturbing the peace, who was fined \$10, in default of which he was committed to jail.

An old man named J. H. Baker arrived in the city yesterday morning from San Francisco. He was quite sick when he got to the depot, and absolutely destitute, and was taken to the police station, where he was booked for medical treatment. He was trying to make his way to friends in San Bernardino, and during the afternoon the police authorities got a ticket from the Board of Supervisors, and Baker was sent to his destination.

The police yesterday recovered a lawn-mower that was stolen over a month ago. The mower was stolen by an old man named William Davis, who repainted the machine and took it to the auction house of Rhoades & Co., on Second street, next door to the police station. On Tuesday the mower was sold, and the owner of it happened to come across it yesterday, when he identified it and reported the case to police headquarters. Detective Bosqui took the matter in hand, and soon landed Davis in jail, after which Mr. Rhoades returned the money to the original purchaser.

Chief Glass yesterday received a letter from Mrs. William Cotter, No. 913 East Twenty-eighth street, Oakland, asking for the address of Mrs. Waters, who formerly kept a lodging-house on San Fernando street, and who some months ago shot and killed her husband. Mrs. Cotter stated that Mrs. Waters' daughter had died, and she wished to inform her of the fact. Chief Glass sent to her former address, but Mrs. Waters had moved, and no one knew where she was. The police are still looking after the matter, and any information should be sent to the Chief of Police.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.
SIGNAL OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, Jan. 22.—At 5:07 a.m. the barometer registered 30.19; at 5:07 p.m., 30.24. Thermometer for corresponding periods, 41°-67°. Maximum temperature, 67°; minimum temperature, 38°. Weather, partly cloudy.

INDICATIONS.
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—(By Telegram to THE TIMES.) Forecast till 8 p.m. Thursday: For California: Rain, with the exception of fair weather in the extreme southern portion.

Dr. Roberts, representing the Temple of Health Medicine Company of San Francisco, may be found for two weeks at No. 31 North Main street. From 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. he may be consulted free. See advertisement.

During the year 1889 Arizona produced in the neighborhood of \$975,000 worth of gold; silver, \$4,300,000; copper, between \$400,000 and \$500,000, making a total of almost \$6,000,000. Perfection in ladies' foot dress-Taylor's patent adjustable shoe. Please call and examine at 29½ South Spring street, room 6.

Florence, Ariz., will build a new courthouse. Mexican Tonic for the blood.

Tucson, Ariz., is literally alive with tramps. Mexican Tonic cures dyspepsia.

The California State Bar Association meets on January 24th at San José.

Mexican Tonic for the blood.

Ben Amico, a miner, was killed by a cave in the Spring Valley hydraulic mine at Cherokee. Three and a half pounds Java's combination coffee for \$1.

San Bernardino city bonds worth \$100,000 sold in three lots at a premium of \$2203.

Mexican Tonic cures constipation.

Editor Waterman of the Angels Record is seriously ill with measles.

Lovers of the Oolong can be suited at H. Jevon's, 38 and 40 North Spring street.

Snow-shovelers at Grass Valley were paid \$1.50 an hour on the first day of the snow blizzard.

Manica, for fine puddings, at H. Jevon's.

Tulare county's school fund will be \$15,000 short this year.

Beecham's Pills cure bilious and nervous ailments.

Mexican Tonic cures dyspepsia.

PEOPLE'S STORE.

BARGAINS AND PRESENTS IN PRO-FUSION.

A Perfect Business System Always Wins Popularity, and Our System Has Proved to Be Perfection.

PEOPLE'S STORE.
LOS ANGELES, THURSDAY, JAN. 23, 1890.
We are booming right along. Customers are continually leaving our stores every minute of the day with huge bundles of bargains under one arm and a package of presents under the other. Our gift sale is a big go.

We courted and won popularity because our system is perfect, and our values way beyond the regular range. We got there because we underbought and underdressed every time. We always give the public values that throw up to ridicule the offerings of the old-timers. Our announcements and prices sweep the place like thunderbolts, twisting, turning and making laughing stock of the futile attempts of some of the old timers to stem the current of our popularity. It can't be done. No use trying to keep the trade away from us. Our prices being louder than bells, sound sweeter than bands of music, are more attractive than life-size cards; they guide the people surely and safely every time to the store of the State, the People's Store, which is always trying to get prices a little lower. Our gift sale is now going on, and it's huge piles of Cups and Saucers and fancy China and Glassware are fast disappearing. We want every household in this section to get a memento of our gift sale. Don't fail to come around.

Saxony Yarn, all colors, 6½¢ a hank; worth 20¢.
Double-fold Dress Goods, 13½¢ a yard; worth 25¢.
Pen Points, 2½¢ a dozen; worth 10¢.
Writing Tablets, 5½¢ each; worth 10¢.
Best black Ink, 3½¢ a bottle; worth 10¢.
Corn Salve, sure cure, 10¢ a box; worth 25¢.
Compressed Castor Oil, 10¢ a bottle; worth 25¢.

Swandown Face-powder, 10¢ a box; worth 25¢.
Metallic-back Dressing-combs, 10¢ each; worth 25¢.
Epsom Salts, 10¢ a package; worth 25¢.
Bone-handle Toothbrushes, 10¢ each; worth 25¢.

Cloth Brushes, 15¢ each; worth 25¢.
Bay Rum, double distilled, 10¢ a bottle; worth 25¢.
Castile Soap, two-pound bars, 25¢ a bar; worth 50¢.
Laundry Curling-irons, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.
Recorder Lead-pencils, 25¢ a dozen; worth 60¢.

Hoyt's German Cologne, 15¢ a bottle; worth 25¢.
Gents' colored-bordered Handkerchiefs, 10¢ each; worth 25¢.
Ladies' pineapple-cloth Handkerchiefs, 10¢ each; worth 25¢.
Basting Thread, 2¢ a spool; worth 5¢.
Paper-bound Books, all authors, three for 25¢.

Colored Sarah Silks, 50¢ a yard; worth 100¢.
Flax Rugs, 40¢ each; worth 100¢.
Infants' silk and wool Hoods, 75¢ each; worth \$1.50.
Ladies' merino Underwear, 75¢ a pair; worth \$1.50.

Ladies' 5-button kid Gloves, 75¢ a pair; worth \$1.50.
Ladies' all-wool camel-hair Shirts, 85¢ each; worth \$1.75.
Black or colored Satin, 25¢ a yard; worth 50¢.

Colored-figured Brillantines, 13½¢ a yard; worth 25¢.
Youth's calf Shoes, 75¢ a pair; worth \$1.50.
Thirty-eight-inch Scotch Mixtures, 15¢ a yard; worth 30¢.

Thirty-four-inch all-wool Canvas Cloth, 25¢ a yard; worth 50¢.
Forty-inch novelty-stripe Dress Goods, 35¢ a yard; worth 70¢.
Thirty-eight-inch plaid Mixtures, 25¢ a yard; worth 50¢.

Thirty-eight-inch all-wool Serge, 35¢ a yard; worth 70¢.
Fifty-four-inch Broadcloth, 35¢ a yard; worth 70¢.
Forty-inch black Brillantina, 40¢ a yard; worth 80¢.

Ladies' Jersey Gloves, 10¢ a pair; worth 25¢.
Boys' Windsor Ties, 3½¢ each; worth 10¢.
Black silk Bows, 50¢ each; worth 15¢.
Fancy regular-made Hose, 15¢ a pair; worth 30¢.

Men's laced negligee Shirts, 15¢ each; worth 30¢.
Men's ribbed Underwear, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.
Men's lisle-thread Hose, 25¢ a pair; worth 50¢.

Men's gray merino Underwear, 35¢; worth 70¢.
Men's and boys' laundried Shirts, 45¢; worth 90¢.
Boys' school Suits, \$1.40; worth \$3.
Youths' light or dark cassimere Overcoats, \$1.90; worth \$4.

Men's strong working Suits, \$2.95; worth \$6.
Men's dress Suits, \$4.95; worth \$9.
Children's velvet Caps, 15¢; worth 30¢.
Men's duck Caps, 3-inch visor, 15¢; worth 30¢.

Boys' felt Hats, 25¢; worth 50¢.
Schoolboys' cloth Hats, 40¢; worth \$1.
Men's light-weight felt Hats, 50¢; worth \$1.
Men's stiff Hats, 75¢; worth \$1.50.

Men's and youths' hand-made felt Hats, \$1.17 up to \$2.50.
Infants' soft-soled Shoes, 25¢ a pair; worth 50¢.
Ladies' kid Slippers, 40¢ a pair; worth \$1.25.

Youths' calf Shoes, 75¢ a pair; worth \$1.50.
Men's wig-wam Slippers, 40¢ a pair; worth \$1.25.
Children's kid Shoes, 60¢ a pair; worth \$1.25.
Misses' kid Sandals, 75¢ a pair; worth \$1.50.

Misses' kid Shoes, 75¢ a pair; worth \$1.50.
Men's calf Shoes, \$1.45; worth \$2.95.
Children's grain Shoes, 60¢; worth \$1.25.
Men's calf working Shoes, \$1.85; worth \$3.75.

Ladies' dongola kid Shoes, \$1.95; worth \$3.95.
Men's calf and kangaroo Shoes, \$1.95; worth \$3.95.
Roman head Edging, 2½¢ a yard; worth 50¢.
Wool Laces, 5¢ a yard; worth 25¢.

Beaded Ornaments, 8½¢ each; worth 25¢.
Boys' black seamless Hose, 10¢ a pair; worth 25¢.
Lace Pillowcases, 15¢ each; worth 30¢.
Irish Lace, 10¢ a bolt; worth 30¢.

Extravagant Lace 25¢ a bolt; worth 50¢.
Cash's Frilling, 35¢ a bolt; worth from 60¢ to \$1.
Ladies' pure lisle thread Hose, 25¢ a pair; worth 50¢.

Ladies' fancy cotton and lisle thread Hose, 40¢ a pair; worth \$1.
Beaded Basque Fronts, \$1.40 each; worth \$2.50.
Madras Scrims, 10¢ a yard; worth 25¢.

Large Bed Comforts, 90¢ each; worth \$1.75.
White Blankets, \$1.25 each; worth \$2.50.
White Blankets, \$1.45; worth \$2.95.
Large Bed Comforts, \$1.65; worth \$3.35.

Lace Curtains, seven yards to the pair, \$1.65 a pair; worth \$3.30 a pair.
Large white Blankets, \$1.95; worth \$3.95.
Dress Prints, 40¢ a yard, new patterns.
Unbleached Muslin, 5½¢ a yard, new patterns; worth 10¢.

All-linen Crash, 50¢ a yard, new patterns; worth 100¢.
All-linen Towels, 50¢ each; worth 100¢.
Apron-check Gingham, 40¢ a yard; worth 75¢.
Extra-heavy Canton Flannel, 7½¢ a yard; worth 15¢.

All-wool Red Flannels, 10¢ a yard; worth 25¢.

Red Shaker Flannels, 10¢ a yard; worth 25¢.

Plaid Dress Gingham, 6½¢ a yard; worth 12½¢.

Bleached Turkish Towels, 100¢ each; worth 25¢.

Gray-twilled Flannels, 15¢ a yard; worth 25¢.

Heavy French Flannels, 25¢ a yard; worth 50¢.

Elder Down Flannels, 40¢ a yard; worth 80¢.

White embroidered Flannels, 75¢ a yard; worth \$1.50.

Ladies' muslin Corset Covers, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.

Children's wool Hoods, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.

Ladies' muslin Chemises, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.

Ladies' serim Aprons, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.

Ladies' muslin Gowns, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.

Children's embroidered Cashmere Bonnets, 40¢ each; worth \$1.

Ladies' muslin Gowns, 62¢ each; worth \$1.

Ladies' Duplex Corsets, 60¢ each; worth \$1.

Camel's hair Underwear, 65¢ each; worth \$1.
Ladies' all-wool camel's hair Shirts, 85¢ each; worth \$1.75.
Children's lambs' wool Shirts, 75¢; worth \$1.50.

Cornish Pipes, 30¢ each; worth 100¢.
Silvered table Forks, 6½¢ each; worth 15¢.
Japanned Nut Crackers, 10¢ each; worth 20¢.
Ebony handle Jack-knives, 10¢; worth 20¢.

Self-acting Corkscrews, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.
Nickel cast-steel Sissors, 25¢ a pair; worth 50¢.
Large work Baskets, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.
Waste Baskets, 40¢ each; worth 85¢.

All-wool shoulder Shawls, 25¢ each; worth 50¢.
Ladies' sailor blouse Jerseys, \$1.25; worth \$2.50.
All-wool Shawls, \$2.40; worth \$4.80.

Oxidized Breastpins, 50¢ each; worth 25¢.
Tinsel Macramé Cord, 50¢ a ball; worth 15¢.
Kid-covered Corset Steels, 50¢ a pair; worth 150¢.

Men's colored-bordered Handkerchiefs, 50¢ each; worth 150¢.
Ladies' Purse, 50¢ each; worth 150¢.
Fancy gilt and silver Hairpins, 50¢ each; worth 200¢.

Fancy chenille Pompons, 150¢ a dozen; worth 350¢.
Shell Purse, 150¢ each; worth 250¢.
BOOK DEPARTMENT.
Signa, Under Two Flags, and Chandos, by Ouida, 35¢; Dreams and Dream Stories (Occult Series), by Kingsford, 35¢; A Fair Maid of Marshfield, by Woods, 35¢; Joshua, by George Elbers, 35¢; Ramona and Ben Hur, 60¢ per copy; Little Lord Fauntleroy, \$1.74; Hester Prynne, by Woods, 35¢.

A. HAMBURGER & SONS.
Theosophy.
Mr. Bertram Keightley will lecture at Temperance Hall, corner Fort and Temple streets, Thursday evening, January 23d, at 7:30 o'clock, upon Theosophy. Lecture free.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT H. E. Morris will cease to be our manager, California Department, on and after February 1, 1890, or otherwise be in our service. M. GEORGE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

DISEASES OF THE
Head, Throat, Lungs,
Successfully treated by
M. HILTON WILLIAMS,
M. D., M. C. P. S. O.,
By his Hot Air Medicated Inhalations and his COMPOUND OXYGEN TREATMENT.

CATARH and CONSUMPTION, etc., are now cured by all scientific investigators to originate from a living germ or parasite as small as to be invisible, except when placed under a powerful microscope.

kill and destroy every living germ, millions of which are found floating in the expectoration, or after the death of the patient found imbedded in the mucous surface lining the air passages, while our compound oxygen autogenes and thoroughly removes every poison of the system from the blood, no matter from what cause it exists or how long it has remained, and is efficacious in the cure of Catarrh, Throat Diseases, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, Nervous Prostration, Incurable and Drags, etc., together with any poisoned condition of the blood.

In all cases of catarrh and other diseases of the Respiratory Organs, when the system suffers from the deleterious effects of serotina or other vitiated condition of the blood, local treatment is invariably combined with constitutional remedies.

Persons desiring treatment by this system of practice can use the remedies at home as well as at our office, and which will cause no inconvenience or hindrance to business whatever.

Those who desire to consult with me in regard to their case had better call at the office for an examination, but I impose no visit to the office personally, can write for list of questions and circular, both of which will be sent free of charge. Address
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Kentucky. Educated abroad, thirty years in and citizen of the United States. Many years of successful practice in this city. Uterine and Rectal diseases treated with skill by new methods without knife or caustic. Prompt relief in suppressed or painful menstruation. In Prolapsus, Uteration, Congestion, one trial will convince. Special treatment for diseases incident upon the climacteric period. Many are driven insane from reflex, nervous brain troubles others burdened with Tumors, Cancer, Varicose Ulcera. City references, consultation free. 402 South Fort street.

GENERAL AUCTION
—AND—
COMMISSION HOUSE.

W. E. BEESON,
119 & 121 W. Second St.,
Between Spring and Fort Sts.,
AUCTION, STORAGE & COMMISSION.

PEREMPTORY SALES OF
New and Secondhand Furniture,
—OR—
Tuesday, Jan. 21st, Thursday, Jan. 23d, and Saturday, Jan. 25th,
At 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Horses, Buggies, etc., every Saturday at 10 a.m. Outside Sales Made on application.

BEN O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.

Lacey, Dixon & Co.'s
STEAM
CARPET CLEANING WORKS,
311 S. Fort St., cor. Fourth,
Los Angeles, Cal.
TELEPHONE 576.

Carpets taken up, cleaned and relaid same day if necessary. Bordering and refitting a specialty.
PRICES REASONABLE.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Excelsior Steam Laundry,
Main Office, 15 West Second St.
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Our work is the best in the State.
We employ none but experienced help.
Give us a trial and compare our work with that of others. All mending on gentle clothing done without extra charge.

Branch offices in all parts of the city. Our wagons call for and deliver work free.

CLOSING-OUT SALE.
—AT—
YAMATO,
141 S. Main St., Los Angeles.

We are going out of business on account of leaving the city.
NO HURRUG. NO HURRUG.
Our stock of a fine assortment of Japanese Goods must be sold out at once.

GREAT SACRIFICE!
Come early and secure these big bargains before the line is broken.

Star Shoe House.

SELLING OUT!

The Final and
Bona Fide

Selling Out!

—OF THE—



STAR

SHOE HOUSE,

30 and 32 N. Spring St.,

Is Now Going On.

The unprecedented opportunity for gigantic bargains is before you. Every pair of shoes must be sold in 60 days. Thousands of pairs of

SHOES

Will be Slaughtered in Price at This

FINAL

CLOSING OUT SALE.

HALF PRICE.

Many of the goods are being sold at one-half of their former price in order to unload this immense stock as soon as possible.

LOOK OVER THIS LIST OF

BARGAINS:

Men's Congress Gaiters, Reduced from \$2.25 to \$1.25.

Men's Congress Gaiters, Reduced from \$3.50 to \$2.00.

Men's Calf Button Shoes, Reduced from \$3.50 to \$2.00.

Men's Calf Lace Shoes, Reduced from \$4.50 to \$2.50.

Men's Kid Congress, Reduced from \$3.00 to \$1.75.

Men's Hand-sewed Shoes, Reduced from \$7.00 to \$3.75.

Ladies' Kid Button Boots, Reduced from \$2.00 to \$1.35.

Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers, Reduced from \$1.00 to 50¢.

Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers, Reduced from \$1.50 to 75¢.

Ladies' Dongola Boots, Reduced from \$3.00 to \$1.75.

Ladies' French Kid Button, Reduced from \$3.00 to \$2.00.

Ladies' French Kid Button, Reduced from \$6.00 to \$3.75.

Ladies' Shoes (Burr's make), Reduced from \$6.00 to \$4.00.

Misses' Fine Kid Spring-heel Shoes, at \$1.35.

Misses' Extra Quality School Shoes, at \$1.15.

Children's Spring-heel Shoes, at 75¢.

Children's Shoes, at 35¢, 45¢ and 50¢.

We Mention But Few of the Bargains to be Had.

The Entire Stock is Now on Sale.

And almost any price takes the goods, as this is positively the final sale of everything. Dealers are also invited to call, as extra inducements will be offered them. Many sales are now going on, but this is

The Sale of All Sales!

As we are positively going to close the business, and started in expecting to lose hundred of dollars.

You Can Save Money

At this gigantic sale, and no mistake. So call while the stock is large and you will have the larger assortment to select from.

Remember the Place,

THE OLD, RELIABLE,

STAR

SHOE HOUSE,

30 & 32 N. SPRING ST.

Med. Cal.

WORTH \$50. A BOTTLE.

THE GREAT CALIFORNIA REMEDY!

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NATURE'S REMEDY

DR. J. W. ROBERTS' Favorite!

For All Chronic Diseases.

It has cured more cases of chronic diseases in the past four years in San Francisco, after the most skillful physicians have failed, than all other remedies combined.

Dr. Roberts will be at No. 31 North Main Street, Los Angeles, for two weeks only, where all that are afflicted are cordially invited. Consultation Free. Hours, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

TEMPLE OF HEALTH MEDICINE COMPANY.

Clothing—Mullen, Bluett & Co.

YOU SAVE MONEY!

By Buying Your

CLOTHING

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Gents' Furnishing Goods

AT OUR STORE.

You get a straight discount of 20 per cent. on Men's Overcoats, 20 per cent. on Boys' Overcoats, 20 per cent. on Children's Overcoats and 10 per cent. on balance of our entire stock of Men's and Boys' Tailor-made Fine Clothing and Furnishing Goods, all latest styles, to make room for spring stock soon to arrive.

MULLEN, BLUETT & CO.,

N.W. Corner Spring and First Streets.

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Commissioner of Deeds.
ARIZONA, NEW YORK, G. A. Robinson, 114 S. Fort St. Telephone 28.

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FREAKS OF CONGRESS.

A GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF

How the House Looks and What It

Costs to Run It—Speaker Reed

and How He Presides—Heavy-

weights and Light—The Con-

gressional Albinos—Hairy and

Hairless Congressmen.

[COPYRIGHTED, 1890.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—[Special Cor-

respondence of THE TIMES.] The

Congressional museum is the most

wonderful show in the United States.

The three-acre tent which covers it is

our national Capitol, and the two wings

at either end of the building are

opened at precisely 12 o'clock every

day. In one the Senatorial acrobats

balance the cannon-balls of legislation

on the tips of their fingers and go

through their gymnastics on the

parallel bars under the eyes of Vice-

President Morton, and in the other the

330 political giants and pigmies, clowns

and freaks; trot out and show them-

selves to the buzz-saw directions of the

biggest giant of them all, Thomas B.

Reed, the Speaker.

It is a costly show. The people of

the United States pay nearly four

million dollars a year to keep it going,

and the House of Representatives ring

costs fully \$2,500,000 yearly. The

actors of the lower House are paid

\$1,800,000 a year in salaries, and the

doorkeepers and understrappers, who

run the messengers and clean the

spittoons, get \$700,000 more. The

actors of the Senatorial circus cost us

about \$500,000 a year, and we pay just

as much to John J. Ingalls, who spits

fire from his mouth continually, as we

do to George of Mississippi, whose

chief distinction lies in the fact that

he has sworn never to wear a dress

suit or to ride in a carriage.

A COSTLY SHOW.

The most amusing part of the show

is the House of Representatives. It is

the costliest dime museum of the Na-

tion, and as it sits in the press gallery,

the biggest legislative hall in the world,

lies below me. It covers fully a quar-

ter of an acre of ground, and six men

as tall as Stewart of Texas, who is over

six feet in his stockings, might stand

one on the head of the other, and if

the socks of the first rested on the floor,

the gray hair of the sixth would just

graze the ceiling. The room is 36 feet

high, and its floor is covered with 1700

yards of green velvet carpet of a

quality so good that it

must have cost \$3 a yard. The

light of the showroom comes in

through the ceiling, and this is made

of iron and glass. This ceiling is made

in panels, which are painted and

gilded, and each bears the coat of

arms of a State of the Union. Below

this ceiling all around the room run

banks of galleries which terminate at

the edges of a great central pit 15

feet deep, which forms the bear gar-

den of Congress. In this pit the curi-

osities are caged. It is 151 feet long

and 57 feet wide, and its walls are

paneled in pink and buff paper, and

around each panel is a gilt frame line

enough to bind a Titan or a Corot. In

these walls are cave-like doors which

lead to the cloakrooms, the barber

shops and the lobbies of the House,

and at each of the outer doors stand

two men to keep the outside world

House. He appreciates the disadvantage of his size, and it is said that he once had a great ambition to be an actor. He called upon Edwin Booth and asked his advice about studying for the stage. Booth told him that he had no doubt that he possessed histrionic talent, but he said, referring to one of Shakespeare's plays, "Suppose you were fighting a duel in which you were to be the leading character; you would probably hear a cry from the gallery asking your opponent to take one of his size. You are a bright fellow, but you are too little to be an actor." La Follette then dropped the stage idea, studied law and is now making a reputation as a statesman.

OTHER ATTRACTIONS.

The new Congressmen furnish their share of the curiosities. The only colored man in Congress is Cheatham of North Carolina, who is a bright-eyed, well-dressed, gingerbread mulatto, who has been a slave, and who is a college graduate and a lawyer. "Rising Sun" Morse is a broad-faced millionaire from Massachusetts, who makes a big head look bigger by a pair of fat side-whiskers. He started life by peddling stove-pipe, and he is now devoting himself to sending seeds from the Agricultural Department to his constituents. John J. O'Neill, one of the funniest men of the last House, succeeded by a millionaire, and one of the brightest of the new men from Missouri is a black-haired brunet named Frank, who is all nerve and brain. Another nervous little fellow is Wilson, from the State of Washington, who tells enough good stories to enable him to laugh himself fat, but who is as thin as a rail, and who looks as overworked as the horse of a bobtail car. Carter of Montana is a middle-aged man of more than ordinary ability. He is tall, brown-haired, fair-faced, and has straw-colored chin whiskers. Hansbrough of North Dakota is a rosy-cheeked, brown-mustached man of 30, who rejoices in coming from Devil's Lake, and who is an editor. One of the curiosities of the House is Bullock of Florida, who states in the directory that he has a family of 13 children. He does not say how many of his children are girls. He is 60 years of age, has aided in founding a female institute, and has raised enough of a family to start this academy. Hitt of Illinois wears a red necktie. Bayne of Pennsylvania always has a pepper-and-salt business suit and Cabot Lodge parts his hair in the middle. William M. Springer never appears in the House without a rose in his buttonhole, and Stahlacker of New York prides himself on his glossy side-whiskers, and is the handsomest man in the House. The youngest man is Magnus of Brooklyn, and the oldest, in point of service, is the late Judge Kelly. Martin, without doubt, the slouchiest Congressman, though he has improved since his coming here a few years ago. Henderson of Iowa has the loudest voice. You could hear him across a 10-acre field. Boutelle of Maine is another loud talker, and he restores quite as loudly as he speaks. George D. Wise of Virginia is one of the most eloquent of the southern men, and Ben Butterworth can make as good a speech as any man on the Republican side of the House. All told, the Congressional show contains a number of very rare animals, and, though at least two hundred out of the three hundred and thirty among them could not make their \$5000 a year any place else, fully one-third are worth the price paid for their employment, and earn it.

THE ORCHARD.

RIVERSIDE shipped 928 carloads of oranges in 1889, which shows the value of doing one thing well.

The red scale at the Sierra Madre Villa orchard continues to disappear, and the promise is encouraging that the remedy for it is reliable.

To PRUNE a large limb without in some manner protecting the stub is something like amputating a finger and expecting it to heal nicely without dressing the wound.

THERE is a loquat tree at Pasadena that bore \$20 worth of fruit the past year. It is a large one, and is the property of James Clark, on Marengo avenue.

THREE and one-quarter acres of lemons (316 trees) in John Amber's orchard at Etiwanda brought last year \$1475, or nearly \$400 an acre. Two 15-year-old trees yielded \$43.75 worth of fruit.

E. A. BONINE of Pasadena has found a use for Japanese persimmons that promises to enlarge the demand for them. He dries them, and is so well pleased with the result that he is going to plant two or three hundred more trees the coming season.

In pruning do it with a view to keeping down the height of the tree. This may be materially retarded by judicious pruning, and when the tree finally grows too high, as it ultimately will in spite of everything, cut the top squarely off and let it take a fresh start.

AN exchange sneers at newspaper advice to farmers, in which the editor does not exhibit his usual good sense. The co-operation of journalism with the farmer has advanced the latter interest 50 years, and produced a rural prosperity which enables the exchange in question to exist.

SUPPOSE a big limb is cut off from a tree, and the stub left unprotected by paint or wax. Soon it cracks, and not only do insects enter, but water runs down to the center, which in a brief time produces a pithy, rotten and weak heart, the tree loses its strength, and a strong wind breaks it off.

Now is the time to prune deciduous trees, such as have not been already pruned. The frost has shed the leaves, driven the sap down, and put the tree in a generally dormant condition, ready for the operation, in which it has done a good thing. Frost is Nature's anesthetic, which she gives the trees to enable them to undergo, without injury, the amputation of their branches.

It would seem from all we hear about Riverside that she raises more oranges than all of Los Angeles county, yet it appears from the Pomona Progress' careful estimate that Los Angeles beats San Bernardino by 555,000 boxes to 380,000. The total for Southern California is 960,000 boxes or 3350 carloads. Fresno estimates that that is just the number (960,000) of her boxes of raisins this year, if nothing happens.

The date-palm is a plant that will yet be grown extensively and profitably in Southern California and Arizona. The date is one of the plants introduced by the mission fathers, and has succeeded well, but for some reason has been so far neglected that it

has not been grown to any considerable extent. It is a valuable plant when its growth has been made a specialty, and will yet rank as a food product very near to the olive. Its growth requires heat and moisture, and its presence is considered a sure condition of the proximity of water.

THE value of late oranges is strongly impressed by a return just published, of the sale in Boston of 30 boxes of Florida oranges of the "Hart's Late," or "Tardiff" variety. They brought \$211 for the 30 boxes, netting the grower \$186.05, which good return the Florida Agriculturist calls "an oasis in a desert of blasted hopes." The Tardiff is an orange not ripe before March, and is claimed to keep on the trees in good condition until August. The Valencia has a similar quality, and may prove equally valuable for Californians.

FLORIDA orange-growers plant their trees so close together that the limbs will touch, or nearly so, and permit the limbs to grow close down to prevent the bad effect of the cold winds. A traveler there says that it is necessary to buy fertilizers to the value of half the crop annually to keep the groves in condition; also, that the owners of nearly all the groves are in debt for money borrowed to carry on the business; that the interest has not been paid for the past three years, and that the parties who loaned the money dare not foreclose, because the groves will not bring enough at forced sale to repay the principal. It is only a few of the older groves, that have been planted some thirty years, that pay well.

Now is the time to cut scions for grafting. They should be put in a cellar or other cool, damp place, heeled in sand, leaving the top end out a couple of three inches. If left in a warm place the buds will swell, and the scion will be lost. The prudent man will look after his scions at least once a week. The success of grafting depends upon the scion. If the latter is not good the labor is lost, and a year's growth with it. A recipe for grafting wax may be had of the nurseryman or bought ready-made. When the top of a tree is cut off for grafting this deprives the trunk of its accustomed sheltering shade. If not protected artificially, the hot sun will scorch the sap as it rises, and not only is the whole tree to be destroyed, but the graft take also. To avoid this wrap the exposed trunk with sacking or matting, and keep it thus protected until it has looked out for itself by furnishing branches and leaves for its own shade. All large limbs that are cut off and not used for grafting should have the stub waxed or painted over, both to keep the water out and keep them from drying out. The same rule holds good in pruning. The prevailing winds are from the south and west, and this has a tendency to incline the tree to the opposite direction. To counterbalance this, leave in pruning, the weight of the tree inclined to the side from which the prevailing winds come. In pruning, do not leave the foliage so scant on the south side as to let the sun strike the trunk. This will absorb the sap, which is the lifeblood of the tree, and prevent its ascending the trunk. The result is a loss of fruit, or poor quality. This will often be noticed in a tree whose south-side foliage has been injured accidentally.

APIARY.

THE honey crop of San Bernardino county for 1889 was 370,000 pounds, worth nearly \$20,000, in which, as in many other lines, "Old Berdon" shows herself to be productive and prosperous.

THE bee year begins about May 1st and ends about November 1st, giving a season of half the year. Within this time the bee makes more than he eats, or in other words establishes a bank account. During the remaining half year he also makes some honey, and may make more than "expenses," but it is not to be relied on, and the prudent bee-keeper will have some honey left over for feed rather than run the risk of having to buy sugar.

At the office of Mr. C. N. Wilson, Fort street, near Temple, may be seen samples of a new honey rack which has many advantages over the old. It is made of sugar-pine instead of redwood as formerly, and is better for several reasons: First, it holds together more tenaciously than redwood, which easily gives way to pull at the nails and allows the drawer to pull apart in the endeavor to remove it. Second, it does not "taste" the honey, as the redwood sometimes will. In these respects it appears to be equal to the best, and over the latter the advantage of being a California manufacture, keeping the money at home.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, from its natural wealth of flowers, is the home of the bee, and its work here should be more advantageous than elsewhere, owing both to this fact and to the additional one that they are hibernated for a brief season by stress of weather, and consequently lose less time. A country where they are producing nearly all the time has great advantages over one where they are for half or more of the year "lying on their oars" and consuming a great part of the product of the working season. To this fact, chiefly, is this State indebted for being, even in its infancy, a large honey-producing and honey-exporting country. This point has gone far to counterbalance the loss of the other sweets imported in the shape of sugar.

DR. J. M. WHITE, of the Dental firm of White & Conner, 41 South Spring street, objects to being confounded with the Dr. White who has been so vigorously prosecuted for practicing dentistry without license. Dr. J. M. White has been in practice here since 1883, and was one among the first to comply with the law.

DR. CHARLES A. WHITE, 2104 South Spring street, Broad block, 30 years' practice on Arch street, Philadelphia, begs leave to inform the public that notwithstanding he was victoriously persecuted, came out victorious. The Doctor can be found at his office, where he is to be found most reasonable sets of teeth on flexible plates are inserted. The only dentist in the city using steam power. Call and see Dr. Lady attendant. Spanish spoken.

R. B. Young, The architect, can now be found in his new and more commodious quarters, in the California Bank building, corner Second and Fort streets.

Butter, 35 and 40c a Roll. Morrison Bros' grocery, Third and Fort streets.

SHERWIN - WILLIAMS house and floor Paints. P. H. Mathews, corner Second and Main streets.

R. D. LIST, Notary Public, Legal papers carefully drawn. 18 S. Spring. Depositions taken.

SHERWIN - WILLIAMS house and floor Paints. P. H. Mathews, corner Second and Main streets.

BUSINESS.

Money, Stocks and Bonds.

By Telegraph to The Times.

New York, Jan. 22.—Money on call easy at 2 1/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5 1/2. Sterling exchange, dull but firm; 60-day bill, 4.52 1/2; demand, 4.50 1/2.

American cotton oil, 27 1/2.

Government bonds, dull but weak.

New York, Jan. 22.—About three-fourths of the business done in stocks during the day was transacted in the first half hour and last 45 minutes. The events of the day go to show that the bull party has acquired strength of numbers, and the talk of the day is more confident of an advance all along the line. In the afternoon a rise was started by specialties, with very heavy trading in Missouri Pacific, Coalters, St. Paul, sugar refineries and Union Pacific. The market closed active and strong, and the active stocks are almost invariably higher tonight.

NEW YORK STOCKS AND BONDS.

New York, Jan. 22.
U. S. 4s, reg. 124 1/2
U. S. 4s, coup. 124 1/2
U. S. 4s, reg. 104 1/2
U. S. 4s, coup. 104 1/2
N. Y. Central, 100s 106 1/2
Pacific Mail, 100s 88 1/2
American Express, 100s 87 1/2
Rock Island, 100s 87 1/2
St. Paul, 100s 87 1/2
Texas Pacific, 100s 87 1/2
Union Pacific, 100s 87 1/2
Wells-Fargo, 100s 87 1/2
Western Union, 100s 87 1/2
Missouri Pacific, 100s 87 1/2

NEW YORK MINING STOCKS.

New York, Jan. 22.
Alcoa, 100s 1 05
Aspen, 100s 7 00
Cal. B. H., 100s 1 30
Crown Point, 100s 1 40
Con. Cal. & Va., 100s 37 00
Deadwood, 100s 2 50
Deadwood T., 100s 2 50
El Dorado, 100s 1 70
Sierra Nevada, 100s 1 70
Desmet, 100s 3 50

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS.

San Francisco, Jan. 22.
Best & Belch, 100s 2 50
Crocker, 100s 2 50
Con. Virginia, 100s 4 75
Ophir, 100s 3 70

Boston Stocks.

Boston, Jan. 22.—Closing quotations: Atlantic, 100s, 7 1/2; Santa Fe, 100s, 7 1/2; do, land grant, 7 1/2; do, railroad, 7 1/2; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 100s, 10 1/2; Mexican Central common, 100s, 10 1/2; do, bond, 10 1/2; do, first mortgage bonds, 10 1/2; San Diego, 100s, 17.

Silver Bars.

San Francisco, Jan. 22.—Silver bars, 97 1/2 @ 97 3/4 per ounce. New York, Jan. 22.—Bar silver: 90 1/2 per ounce.

Grain.

San Francisco, Jan. 22.—Wheat: Eastern; buyer season, 1.33 1/2; barley: 1.25; do, land grant, 1.25; do, railroad, 1.25; do, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 1.25; do, Mexican Central common, 1.25; do, bond, 1.25; do, first mortgage bonds, 1.25; San Diego, 1.25.

San Francisco, Jan. 22.—Wheat: Steady; buyer season, 1.33 1/2; buyer 1890, 1.33 1/2; barley: 1.25; do, land grant, 1.25; do, railroad, 1.25; do, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 1.25; do, Mexican Central common, 1.25; do, bond, 1.25; do, first mortgage bonds, 1.25; San Diego, 1.25.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—Wheat: Firm; January, 70 1/2; May, 69 1/2; Corn: Steady; January, 29 1/2; May, 29 1/2; Oats: Steady; January, 20 1/2; May, 20 1/2; Barley: No trading.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—Rye: January, 44 1/2; Barley: No trading.

Liverpool, Jan. 22.—Corn: Steady; demand faint.

New York Market.

New York, Jan. 22.—Coffee: Options closed steady and 5 1/2 points up; sales, 23,000 bags. January, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; February, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; March, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; April, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; May, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; June, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; July, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; August, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; September, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; October, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; November, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2; December, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2.

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